DETAILED SYLLABI AND CURRICULUM OF B.VOC (AQUACULTURE)

Directorate of Skill Development& Entrepreneurship

ANNAMALAI



UNIVERSITY

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Directorate of Skill Development& Entrepreneurship THREE-YEAR B.VOC. COURSES FULL-TIME DEGREE COURSE CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM REGULATIONS AND SYLLABUS

1. Condition for Admission:

Candidates for admission to the **First Year** of the **Three-Year B.Voc. Degree Programme** shall be required to have passed the final examination of the plus 2 Higher Secondary Course conducted by the Board of Secondary Education, Tamil Nadu Government or an examination of any other authority accepted by the Syndicate of this University as equivalent thereto, for **direct** admission to the **Second Year of B.Voc programme**, the candidates shall be required to have passed the **One-Year Diploma Programme having the National Skills Qualifications Framework (NSQF) level 5 in appropriate discipline** or an examination of any other authority accepted by the Syndicate of this University as equivalent thereto and for **direct admission to** the **Third year of B.Voc programme** the candidates shall be required to have passed the **Two-Year Advanced Diploma Programme having NSQF level 6 in appropriate discipline** or an examination of any other authority accepted by the Syndicate of this University as equivalent thereto. They shall satisfy the conditions regarding qualifying marks, age and physical fitness as may be prescribed by the Syndicate of the Annamalai University from time to time.

2. Courses of Study (B.Voc)

- i. Airport Operations
- ii. Aqua Culture
- iii. Catering Technology and Hotel Management
- iv. Hospital Instrumentation and Management
- v. Mechatronics

3. Eligibility for the Award of Diploma / Advanced Diploma / Degree:

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of one-year Diploma if the candidate has satisfactorily undergone the prescribed courses of study of the first year of the three-year **B.Voc. programme**and has passed the prescribed examinations and has earned a minimum of 60 credits.

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of two-year Advanced Diploma if the candidate has satisfactorily undergone the prescribed courses of study of the first and second year if admitted in the **First Year** of the **Three-Year B.Voc. programme** orthe prescribed courses of study of the second year if admitted directly to **Second Year of the Three-Year B.Voc programme** and has passed the prescribed examinations and has earned a minimum of 120/60 credits as applicable.

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of Degree of B.Voc if the candidate has satisfactorily undergone the prescribed courses of study for all the three years **or** the prescribed courses of study of the second and third year if admitted directly to the **Second Year** of the **Three-Year B.Voc. programme**orthe prescribed courses of study of the third year if admitted directly to **Third Year of the Three-Year B.Voc programme** and has passed the prescribed examinations and has earned a minimum of 180/120/60 credits as applicable.

3. Subject of Study:



The Subjects of study are given in Appendix I. The syllabi for the subjects are given in Appendix II

4. Scheme of Examinations:

The scheme of Examinations is given in Appendix - I.

5. Choice Based Credit System:

The following formula should be used for conversion of time into credit hours.

- ➤ One Credit would mean equivalent of 15 periods of 60 minutes each, for theory, workshops/labs and tutorials;
- For internship/field work, the credit weightage for equivalent hours shall be 50% of that for lectures/workshops;
- For self-learning, based on e-content or otherwise, the credit weightage for equivalent hours of study should be 50% or less of that for lectures/workshops.

Each semester curriculum shall normally have a blend of theory, On-Job Training and practical courses. The total credits for the entire degree course will be 180. For the award of the degree a student has to

- 1) Earn a minimum of 180 credits,
- 2) Serve in the NSS or NCC for at least one year, and
- 3) Enroll as a student member of a recognized professional society.

6. Duration of the Programme:

A student is normally expected to complete the Diploma Programme in one year but in any case not more than three years from the time of admission.

A student is normally expected to complete the Advanced Diploma Programme in two/one year but in any case not more than four/three years from the time of admission as applicable.

A student is normally expected to complete the B.Voc Degree Programme in three/two/one year but in any case not more than five/four/three years from the time of admission as applicable.

7. Registration for courses:

A newly admitted student will automatically be registered for all the courses prescribed for the first Semester without any option.

Every other student shall submit a completed registration form indicating the list of courses intended to be credited during the next semester. This registration will be done a week before the last working day of the current semester. Late registration with the approval of the Dean on the recommendation of the Director, Centre for Skill Development along with a late fee will be done up to the last working day. Registration for the project work shall be done only for the final semester.

8. Assessment:



The break-up of assessment and examination marks for theory subjects is as follows.

First assessment : 10 marks

Second assessment : 10 marks

Attendance : 5 marks

End Semester Examination : 75 marks

The break-up of assessment and examination marks for practical subjects is as follows:

First assessment (test) : 15 marks

Second assessment (test) : 15 marks

Maintenance of record book : 10 marks

End Semester Examination : 60 marks

The project work will be assessed for 40 marks by a committee consisting of the guide and a minimum of two members nominated by the Nodal Officer of the programme along with the Director, Centre for Skill Development. The Nodal officer of the programme along with the Director, Centre for Skill Development will nominate one of the committee members as the Chairman. The Nodal Officer may opt himself/herselfbe the Chairman. 60 marks are allotted for the project work and viva voce examination at the end of the semester.

9. Substitute assessments:

A student, who has missed for genuine reasons accepted by the the Nodal Officer and the Director, Centre for Skill Development, one or more of the assessments of a course other than the examination, may take a substitute assessment for any one of the missed assessments. The substitute assessment must be completed before the date of the third meeting of the respective class committees.

A student who wishes to have a substitute assessment for a missed assessment must apply to the Nodal Officer within a week from the date of the missed assessment.

10. Student Counselors:

To help the students in planning their course of study and for general advice on the academic programme, the Nodal Officer of the Programme will attach a certain number of students to a member of the faculty who shall function as student counselor for those students throughout their period of study. Such student counselors shall advise the students, give preliminary approval for the courses to be taken by the students during each semester and obtain the final approval of the Director, Centre for Skill Development.

11. Class Committee:



The composition of the class committees from first to sixth semester will be as follows:

- i. Course co-ordinators of the common courses, if any, who shall be appointed by the Director from among the staff members teaching the common course.
- ii. A project co-ordinators (in the sixth semester committee only), who shall be appointed by the Nodal Officer in consultation with the Director, Centre for Skill Development from the project supervisors.
- iii. Teachers of individual courses.

One Professor or Associate Professor, preferably not teaching the concerned class, appointed as Chairman by the Director, Centre for Skill Development. The Nodal Officer or Director, Centre for Skill Development may opt to be a member or the Chairman.

The class committee shall meet three times during the semester. The first meeting will be held within two weeks from the date of class commencement in which the type of assessment like test, assignment etc. for the first and third assessments and the dates of completion of the assessments will be decided.

The second meeting will be held within a week after the completion of the first assessment to review the performance and for follow-up action.

The third meeting will be held after all the assessments but before the University semester examinations are completed for all the courses, and at least one week before the commencement of the examinations. During this meeting the assessment on a maximum of 25 marks for theory/40 marks for seminar/ industrial training, practical and project work will be finalized for every student and tabulated and submitted to the Director for approval and transmission to the Controller of examinations.

12. Withdrawal from the Examination:

A student can withdraw from all the examinations of the semester only once during the entire programme on valid grounds accepted by the University. Such withdrawal from the examinations of a semester will be permitted only if the candidate applies for withdrawal at least 24 hours before the commencement of the last examination. The letter grade 'W' appears in the mark sheet for such candidates.

13. Temporary break of study:

A student can take a one-time temporary break of study covering the current semester and/or the next semester only for B.Voc Degree with the approval of the Dean on the recommendation of the Nodal Officer and the Director, Centre for Skill Development, not later than seven days after the completion of the mid semester test. However, the student must complete the entire Programme within the maximum period of five years.

14. Attendance requirements:

To be eligible to appear for the examination in a particular semester, a student must put in a minimum of 75% of attendance in that semester. A student who withdraws from or does not meet the minimum attendance requirement in a semester must reregister for and repeat the semester. However, the Vice Chancellor may give a rebate /



concession not exceeding 10% in attendance for exceptional cases only on Medical Grounds.

15. Passing and declaration of examination results:

All assessments of all the courses on an absolute marks basis will be considered and passed by the respective results passing boards in accordance with the rules of the University as per the UGC guidelines. Thereafter, the Controller of examinations shall convert the marks for each course to the corresponding letter grade as follows, compute the grade point average and cumulative grade point average, and prepare the grade cards.

Marks	Letter Grade	Grade Point
96 to 100 marks	Grade 'O' - Outstanding	10
90 to 95 marks	Grade 'A+' - Excellent	9
80 to 89 marks	Grade 'A' – Very Good	8
70 to 79 marks	Grade 'B+' – Good	7
60 to 69 marks	Grade 'B' – Above average	6
55 to 59 marks	Grade 'C' – Average	5
50 to 54 marks	Grade 'P' - Pass	4
<50 marks	Grade 'F' – Fail	Re Appear (RA)
Not appearing	Grade 'AB' - Absent	AB – Absent
Withdraw from Examination	Grade 'W'	W – with drawal

A student who obtains less than 30/24 marks out of 75/60 in the theory/practical examination or is absent for the examination will be awarded grade 'RA'.

A student who earns a grade of O, A+, A, B+,B, C or P for a course is declared to have successfully completed that course. Such a course cannot be repeated by the student.

A student who obtains letter grade RA in a course has to reappear for the examination in that course.

The following grade points are associated with each letter grade for calculating the grade point average and cumulative grade point average.

Courses with grade RA are not considered for calculation of grade point average or cumulative grade point average.



A student can apply for revaluation of one or more of his/her examination answer papers within a week from the date of issue of grade sheet to the student on payment of the prescribed fee per paper. The application must be submitted to the Controller of examinations with the recommendation of the Director, Centre for Skill Development.

After results are declared, mark sheet will be issued to the students. The marksheets will contain the list of courses registered during the semester, the grades scored and the grade point average (GPA) for the semester.

GPA is the sum of the products of the number of credits of a course with the grade point scored in that course, taken over all the courses for the semester, divided by the sum of the number of credits for all courses taken in that semester. CGPA is similarly calculated considering all the courses taken from the time of admission.

The results of the final semester will be withheld until the student obtains passing grade in all the subjects of all earlier semesters.

After successful completion of the Programme, the degree will be awarded with the following classifications based on CGPA.

For First class with distinction, the student must earn a minimum of 60/120/180 credits within one / two / three years respectively from the time of admission, pass all the courses in the first attempt and obtain a OGPA of 8.25 or above for all the courses from I to II, I to IV and I to VI semesters respectively for the Diploma / Advanced Diploma / Degree level.

For First class, the student must earn a minimum of 60/120/180 credits within three / five /seven semesters respectively from the time of admission and obtain a OGPA of 6.75 or above for all the courses from I to II, I to IV and I to VI semesters respectively for the Diploma / Advanced Diploma / Degree level.

For Second class, the student must earn a minimum of 60/120/180 credits within three / four /five years respectively from the time of admission for the Diploma / Advanced Diploma / Degree level.

For those students admitted directly to the Second year of B.Voc programme:

For First class with distinction, the student must earn a minimum of 60/120 credits within one /two years respectively from the time of admission, pass all the courses in the first attempt and obtain a OGPA of 8.25 or above for all the courses of III and IV and III to VI semesters respectively for the Advanced Diploma / Degree level.

For First class, the student must earn a minimum of 60/120 credits within three / five semesters respectively from the time of admission and obtain a OGPA of 6.75 or above for all the courses of III and IV and III to VI semesters respectively for the Advanced Diploma / Degree level.

For Second class, the student must earn a minimum of 60/120 credits within three / four years respectively from the time of admission for the Advanced Diploma / Degree level.

For those students admitted directly to the Third year of B.Voc programme:

For First class with distinction, the student must earn a minimum of 60 credits within one year from the time of admission, pass all the courses in the first attempt and



obtain a OGPA of 8.25 or above for all the courses of V and VI semesters for the Degree level.

For First class, the student must earn a minimum of 60 credits within three semesters respectively from the time of admission and obtain a OGPA of 6.75 or above for all the courses of V and VI semesters for the Degree level.

For Second class, the student must earn a minimum of 60 credits within three years from the time of admission for the Degree level.

16. Ranking of candidates:

The candidates who are eligible to get the **Diploma / Advanced Diploma / Degree** in First Class with Distinction will be ranked together on the basis of the OGPA for all the courses of study during the period of study.

The candidates passing with First class will be ranked next after those with distinction on the basis of OGPA all the subjects of study during the period of study.

17. Transitory regulations:

Wherever there had been change of syllabi, examinations based on the existing syllabus will be conducted for three consecutive times after implementation of the new syllabus in order to enable the students to clear the arrears. Beyond that the students will have to take up their examinations in equivalent subjects, as per the new syllabus, on the recommendations of the Nodal Officer concerned.



B.VOC AQUACULTURE (ON-CAMPUS) (THREE YEAR) SYLLABUS

FIRST YEAR -FIRST SEMESTER

Code	Subjects	Perio	od / W	/eek	Exam Duration	Marks			Credits
		L	T	P		CA	FE	Marks	
19AQCC 101	Communicative English	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 102	Introduction to Computer	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 103	Life coping skills	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 104	Biology of cultivable shell and fin fishes	4	0	0	4	25	75	100	4
19AQCC 105	Principles and Methods in Aquaculture	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCP 106	Practical I (Covering course 19AQCC 101&102)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 107	Practical II (Covering course 19AQCC 103)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 108	Practical III (Covering course 19AQCC 104)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
	Practical IV (Covering course 19AQCC 105)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCT 110	Apprenticeship/ training	0	0	6	3	40	60	100	6
	Total credit	16	0	18		325	675	1000	30

[L]-Lecture[T] -Theory [P] - Practical[CA] - Continuous Assessment [FE] - Final Examination

FIRST YEAR -SECOND SEMESTER

Code	Subjects	bjects Period. Week		eek	Exam	Marks		Total	Credits
		L	T	P	Duration	CA	FE	Marks	
19AQCC 201	Soft Skill & Personality development	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 202	Brackish water Aquaculture and Mariculture	4	0	0	3	25	75	100	4
19AQCC 203	Hatchery Technology in Aquatic organisms	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 204	Freshwater aquaculture	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 205	Culture of Live fish Food Organisms	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCP 206	Practical V (Covering course 19AQCC 201)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 207	Practical VI (Covering course 19AQCC 202)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 208	Practical VII (Covering course 19AQCC 203)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 209	Practical VIII (Covering course 19AQCC 204)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCT 210	Apprenticeship/ training	0	0	6	3	40	60	100	6
	Total credit	16	0	18		325	675	1000	30



SECOND YEAR -THIRD SEMESTER

Code	Subjects	Period / Week		eek	Exam Duration	Marks on		Total Marks	Credits
		L	T	P		CA	FE		
19AQCC 301	Disaster Management	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 302	Aquaculture Nutrition and Feed Management	4	0	0	3	25	75	100	4
19AQCC 303	Inland and Marine Fisheries	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 304	Aquatic Ecology and Biodiversity	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 305	Soil and Water Quality management	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCP 306	Practical IX (Covering course 19AQCC 302)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 307	Practical X (Covering course 19AQCC 303)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 308	Practical XI (Covering course 19AQCC 304)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 309	Practical XII(Covering course 19AQCC 305)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCT 310	Apprenticeship/ training	0	0	6	3	40	60	100	6
	Total credit	16	0	18		325	675	1000	30

SECOND YEAR -FOURTH SEMESTER

Code	Subjects	Period / Week			Exam	Marks		Total	Credits
		L	T	P	Duration	CA	FE	Marks	
19AQCC 401	Entrepreneurship	3	0	0	3	25	`75	100	3
19AQCC 402	Genetics and Biotechnology	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 403	Pathology in Aquaculture	4	0	0	3	25	75	100	4
19AQCC 404	Fish Processing Technology and Quality Control	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 405	Anatomy of Finfish and Shellfish	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCP 406	Practical XIII (Covering course 19AQCC 402)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 407	Practical XIV (Covering course 19AQCC 403)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 408	Practical XV (Covering course 19AQCC 404)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 409	Practical XVI (Covering course 19AQCC 405)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCT 410	Apprenticeship/ training	0	0	6	3	40	60	100	6
	Total credit	16	0	18		325	675	1000	30



THIRD YEAR -FIFTH SEMESTER

Code	Subjects	Period / Week			Exam	Marks		Total Marks	Credits
		L	T	P	Duratio n	CA	FE	Marks	
19AQCC 501	Limnology	3	0	0	3	25	`75	100	3
19AQCC 502	Molluscs and Seaweed culture	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 503	Aquaculture Engineering	4	0	0	3	25	75	100	4
19AQCC 504	Elective-1	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 505	Elective -2	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCP 506	Practical XVII (Covering course 19AQCC 501)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 507	Practical XVIII (Covering course 19AQCC 502)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 508	Practical XIX (Covering course 19AQCC 503)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 509	Practical XX (Covering course 19AQCC 504 & 505)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCT 510	Apprenticeship/ training	0	0	6	3	40	60	100	6
	Total credit	16	0	18		325	675	1000	30

Electives:

- 1. Fish Immunology
- 2. Marine Biology
- 3. Aquaculture in Reservoir

THIRD YEAR -SIXTH SEMESTER

Code	Subjects	Period / Week		Exam	Marks		Total	Credits	
		L	T	P	Duration	CA	FE	Marks	
_	Ornamental Fish Breeding and Culture	3	0	0	3	25	`75	100	3
	Aquaculture Extension and Economics	4	0	0	3	25	75	100	4
19AQCC 603	Elective -1	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
19AQCC 604	Elective-2	3	0	0	3	25	75	100	3
	Practical XXI (Covering course 19AQCC 601)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
	Practical XXII (Covering course 19AQCC 602)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
	Practical XXIII (Covering course 19AQCC 603 & 604)	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	2
19AQCP 608	Project	0	0	9	3	40	60	100	11
	Total credit	13	0	18		260	540	800	30

Elective Subjects:

- Fish Microbiology and Quality Assurance
 Disease Management in Aquaculture
- 3. Fish Preservation Technology



19AQCC 101COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

Course Objectives

- ➤ To enhance communications skill of the learners
- > To familiarize the essay writing and the construction of sentences
- > To enhance capacity of the students on the letter writing skill

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Communicative skills enhancement in real life situations.
- ✓ Students will equip with oral communication skills
- ✓ Communicative English in general will support the students with basic communication.

UNIT I READING

Definition of reading, Levels of reading- Requirements of Reading-Types of Reading-Techniques of reading- Academic reading tips- Exercise.

UNIT II WRITING

The sentence, The Phrase, Kinds of Sentences, Parts of Sentence, Parts of speech, Articles-Types of Sentence, Time Management Tips-Test Preparation Tips, Tips for Taking Exams-Construction of Paragraph, Linkage and Cohesion-Academic Essay Writing-Thesis-Report Abstracts-Letter Writing-Memo, Cover Letter, Resume Writing-Exercise.

UNIT III LISTENING SKILLS

Types of Listening- Objectives- Active Listening- an Effective Listening Skill- Note Taking Tips- Barriers for Good Listening. Purpose of Listening, Outlines and Signposting- Gambits-Exercise.

UNIT IV COMMUNICATION SKILLS

Communication Skills- Speaking Skills, Definition-Barriers of Communication- Types of Communication- Exercise.

UNIT V APTITUDE

Verbal and Numerical aptitude- Notes to be made from listening short lectures. Adapting to corporate life- Corporate Etiquette- Grooming and Dressing- Organizing and Attending Meetings- Facing Interviews.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Edgar Thorpe. 'Course in Mental Ability and Quantitative Aptitude', Tata McCraw Hill, 2003
- 2. Edgar Thorpe. 'Test of Reasoning', Tata McGraw-Hill, 20
- 3. Lala S. Pusho. H. P and Sanjay Kumar. Communicate or collapse: a handbook of effective public speaking, group discussions and interview'. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2007

REFERENCE BOOK

1. Department of Humanities and social sciences, Anna University, 'English for Engineers and technologies' Volume I & II (combined edition), Orient Longman Pvt Ltd., 2006.



19AQCC 102INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTERS

Course Objectives

- > To familiarize the students with Fundamentals of Computer and IT applications
- > To expose the students to various operating systems and its working.
- > To enlight the students on basic technological tools used related to biology.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Students enhance their programming fundamentals
- ✓ Familiarizing with MS Office
- ✓ Handle various trends in computer communication

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTERS

Classification, History, Types of Computers. Elements of a Computer System: Block Diagram of the Computer System, Introduction to various units. Hardware: CPU, Memory, Input and Output devices, Auxiliary storage devices. Software: System and Application Software, Utility packages, configuration of Computer System Applications of Information Technology: Wide range of applications in: Home, Education and Training, Entertainment, Science, Medicine, Engineering etc.

UNIT II COMPUTER ACCESSORIES

Input Devices: Mouse, Keyboard, Light pen, Track Ball, Joystick, MICR, Optical Mark reader and Optical Character reader. Scanners, Voice system, Web, Camera.

Output Devices: Hard Copy Output Devices; Line Printers, Character Printers, Chain Printers, Dot-matrix Printers, Daisy Wheel Printer, Laser Printers, Ink jet Printers, Plotters, Soft Copy device-Monitor, Sound card and speakers.

Memory and Mass Storage Devices; Characteristics of Memory Systems; Memory Hierarchy; Types of Primary Memory; RAM and ROM; Secondary and Back-up; Magnetic Disks, Characteristics and classification of Magnetic Disk, Optical Disk, Magnetic Tape.

UNIT III MS WORD

Document, Formatting Document, Auto -text, Autocorrect, Spelling and Grammar Tool, Document Dictionary, Page Formatting, Bookmark, Advance Features of MS-Word-Mail Merge, Macros, Tables, File Management, Printing, Styles, linking and embedding object, Template.

UNIT IV MS EXCEL & POWER POINT

Electronic Spread Sheet using MS-Excel -Introduction to MS-Excel, Creating & Editing Worksheet, Formatting and Essential Operations, Formulas and Functions, Charts, Advance features of MS-Excel -Pivot table & Pivot Chart, Linking and Consolidation.

Presentation using MS-PowerPoint: Presentations, Creating, Manipulating & Enhancing Slides, Organizational Charts, Excel Charts, Word Art, Layering art Objects, Animations and Sounds, Inserting Animated Pictures or Accessing through Object, Inserting Recorded Sound Effect or In-Built Sound Effect.

UNIT V COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS

Introduction, Objectives. Basic of Computer Networks: Local Area Network (LAN), Wide Area Network (WAN). Internet: Concept of Internet, Applications of Internet, Connecting to the Internet, Troubleshooting, World Wide Web (WWW), Web Browsing Software, Popular Web Browsing Software.

Basics of E - mail: What is an Electronic Mail, Email Addressing, Using E - mails: Opening Email account, Mailbox: Inbox and Outbox, Creating and Sending a new E -



mail, Replying to an E - mail message, forwarding an E - mail message, Sorting and Searching emails.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Sinha, P.K. and PritiSinha, "Computer Fundamentals", BPB, 2016
- 2. Steven Weikler, Office 2017 for the Begineers, Kindle Publication, 2016

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Bokhari and Ahmad 'UNIX Operating System', DhanpatRai& Co, 2004.
- 2. Sathish Jain, Kratika and Geetha M, "Office 2010 Course Complete Book for Learning Better and Faster", BPB, 2016.

19AQCC103 LIFE COPING SKILLS

Course objectives

- ➤ To induce motivation, self-esteem and leadership quality among the learner.
- To enhance the individuals to set goals and handle depression, fear and failures.
- > To develop an individual's personality there by making them optimist.

Learning outcomes

- ✓ This study by the end will raise students with good leadership qualities.
- ✓ It increases positive thinking and strength in handling fear and failure
- ✓ The person comes out with a strong vision towards life with a good personality.

UNIT I SELF ESTEEM AND PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

Self-esteem-importance of self-esteem- positive self-development- self acceptance of strengths and weakness- personality development- methods- do's and don'ts-skills to develop.

UNIT II POSITIVE THINKING

Right perception of life- emphasize good things- transform from soft to tough minded individuals- weak to strong men/women

UNIT III MOTIVATION AND GOAL SETTING

Concept of motivation-energizing and directing efforts for goal- enhance motivation desires and aspirations- different types of goals- importance of pursuit of personal goals setting, goals- striving for goals

UNIT IV COPING WITH DEPRESSION, FEAR AND FAILURE

Depression-nature-symptoms and causes- ways to overcome depression- types of failure- understanding failures- handling fear-overcoming failure and fear-understanding anger- hindering anger to achieve goals- coping with failures

UNIT V LEADERSHIP

Leadership- Nature and types- characteristics of good leadership- leadership role courage and confidence.

TEXT BOOK

1. Alphonse, S.J. Xavier,' We shall overcome' ICRDCE publication, Chennai. 5th edition, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Dale Carnegie, "The Leader in You", Simon, 2012
- **2.** Robert Heller, "Effective Leadership (Essential Managers)", Dorling Kindersley, 2011
- **3.** Stephen R Covey, "The Seven Habit of Highly Effective People", Kindle, 2015.



19AQCC 104 BIOLOGY OF CULTIVABLE SHELL AND FIN FISHES

Course Objectives

- Ensure active student participation in activities connected with basic aquaculture practices.
- ➤ Provide basic understanding of biological, chemical and environmental concepts pertaining to aquatic environment.
- Acquaint students with various fisheries institutions and their activities.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ At the end of the study students will be equipped with basic aquacultural practices.
- ✓ Acquire clear knowledge about the taxonomy of the cultivable fishes
- ✓ Knowledge on the biology and feeding habits of the species would be learnt by the students

UNIT I GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS AND TAXONOMY OF FISHES

Principles of Zoological classifications, binomial nomenclature and linear hierarchy. Classification of commercially important fishes, crustaceans and molluscs. Generalcharacters of fishes, crustaceans and molluscs. Sense organs in Iorenzini etc. sound production in fishes. Specialized organs in fishes - electrical organs, venom and toxins in fishes. Colouration and Bioluminescence in fishes. Sense organs in crustaceans and molluscs. Buoyancy in fishes-swim bladder and mechanism of gas secretion.

UNIT II FEEDING AND GROWTH

Feed and feeding habits – herbivores, carnivores and omnivores. Feeding adaptations methods employed in the study of gut content analysis volumetric, gravimetric etc. Age and growth – Techniques used in the study- use of scales and otoliths, length frequency analysis.Length weight relationship. Equations used for deriving growth rates.

UNIT III DIGESTION, RESPIRATION AND CIRCULATION

Digestive system – General morphological feature of digestive system in fishes, Digestive system and process of digestion in prawn and mussel. (Type – Mullet, *P.monodon*, Fresh water Mussel). Respiratory system – general description, aquatic respiration, respiratory gases, gaseous exchange, oxygen transport (Shark and Mullet). Adaptations for air breathing in fishes. Respiration in crustaceans and molluscs. Cardiovascular system – General features of heart and blood circulation, circulatory system and oxygen transport in fishes' crustaceans and mollusks.

UNIT IV REPRODUCTION

Reproduction – ovary and testes, structure, development of primary and secondary sexual. Sexual dimorphism in fishes and crustaceans. Maturation and spawning in fishes, factors affecting maturation and spawning. Fecundity, condition factor, size at first maturity. Oviparous, viviparous and ovoviviparous fishes.

UNIT V MIGRATION

Parental care and breeding migration in fishes and crustaceans. Migration in fishes – anadromous and catadromous, homing, instinct and orientation. Biological clocks-diurnal, lunar, circadian and tidal rhythms.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Parker and Haswell. Textbook of zoology, Vertebrates. Vol-II, *publication*. 1897 7th Edition.



- 2. Marshall & Williams. Textbook of Zoology. Vol.I,London: Macmillan, 1972.
- **3.** Barnes.R.D. General Zoology- 5th Edition, 1978, From <u>Bibliohound</u> (Carlsbad, CA, U.S.A.)
- **4.** S.S. Khanna. An introduction to fishes, Surject *Publications* was launched in 1976 by the enterprising Surject Singh Chhabra.
- **5.** Karl.F. Lagler. Ichthyology-2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons; (1 June 1977)
- **6.** Jhingran, V.G. Fish and Fisheries of India, Hindustan *Publishing* Corporation (*India*), 1991.
- **7.** Moyle, P.B. and Cech, J.J. Fishes An Introduction to Ichthyology, 5th Edition, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, 2004.
- **8.** Jhingran, V.G. Fish and fisheries of India. Hindustan Publ. Corporation (India), 1982.
- **9.** Bardach, J.E., J.H. Ryther and W.O. McLarney, 1972. Aquaculture: Farming and Husbandry of Freshwater and Marine Organisms. Wiley Interscience, New York, 868.
- **10.**Chen, T.P., 1976. Aquaculture Practices in Taiwan. Fishing News (Books) Ltd., London, 160.
- **11.** Shigueno, K., 1978. Problems in Prawn Culture. Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 103.
- **12.** Josianne., G Stottrup and Lesley A. McEroy, 2003. Live feeds in Marine aquaculture. Published by Wiley- Blackwell, 1st edition.
- **13.** David, A. Bengtson, 2003. Status of Marine aquaculture in relation to live prey: past, present and future, Wiley Blackwell.
- **14.**S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Francis Day, The fishes of India, publication info: London B Quaritch, 1876.
- 2. Pillay, T.V.R., 1972. Coastal Aquaculture in the Indo Pacific Region. Fishing News (Book) Ltd., London, 497.
- 3. Korringa, P., 1976. Farming Marine Fishes and Shrimps. Elsevier Publishing Company, Amsterdam, 208.

19AQCC 105 PRINCIPLES AND METHODS IN AQUACULTURE

Course Objectives

- To understand the principles involved in Aquaculture.
- > To familiarize the various method employed in the field of Aquaculture
- ➤ Basic knowledge about the pond ecology, types of ponds and mariculture practices exists both in India and also in the world.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ The learner will gain a thorough knowledge on the principles and methods involved in aquaculture.
- ✓ Students will acquire clear knowledge about the methods employed in aquaculture systems
- ✓ The controlled ecosystem dynamics would be clear to the students



UNIT I INTRODUCTION

History, definition, scope and significance of aquaculture, comparison of aquaculture with Agriculture and commercial fisheries. Different aquaculture system. Aquaculture – Global and Indian Scenario.

UNIT II POND ECOLOGY

General concepts of ecology, productivity, carrying capacity, food chain and food web. Ecology of culture ponds. Nutrient cycles--Nitrogen Phosphorous and carbon. Laws of limiting factor. Fertilization and manuring. Liming and application of fertilizers and manures, role of nutrients, the NPK contents of various fertilizers and manures, rate and precautions in the application of fertilizers and manures. Significance and important groups of phytoplankton, zooplankton and benthos in culture ponds. Nutrient dynamics, algal blooms. Selection of site, physic-chemical conditions of soil and water optimum for culture. Management of water and soil quality parameters. Correction of pH, measures for increasing the concentration of oxygen and reducing the concentration of ammonia and hydrogen sulphide.

UNIT III TYPES OF PONDS

Types of ponds – hatching, nursery, rearing, stocking and brood stocks – construction andmanagement of culture system. Size and depth of ponds, maintenance of ponds – positioning of different types of ponds in a fish farm.

UNIT IV CULTIVABLE FRESHWATER FISHES

Criteria for the selection of species. Cultivable freshwater fishes- carps, air breathing fishes, tilapia, freshwater prawn.

UNIT V BRACKISH WATER CULTURE AND MARICULTURE

Brackishwater resources and fishes of commercial importance – Milk fish, mullet, pearl spot, seabass, shrimps, crabs; selection of site.Major brackish water culture system in India.Different organisms in Mariculture – mussel, edible oyster, pearl oyster and sea weeds.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Friedrich., H. Marine Biology, published by Sidgewick& Jackson, London, United Kingdom (1969).
- **2.** Raymont, J.E.G: Plankton and productivity in the Oceans; published by Pergamon Volume 1- 2nd edition. (1980)
- **3.** Balakrishna Nair. N. and D.M. Thampy: A text book of Marine ecology Published by Macmillan in Delhi. (1980)
- **4.** Frank. J Millero, 2013, Chemical Oceanography, 4th edition, Published by CRC press.
- **5.** Oceanography- Harold V.Thurman, National Geographic *publication-10th edition*
- **6.** Rath, R.K. Freshwater Aquaculture, published in 2005, Newyork -1972.
- **7.** Coastal Fisheries and Aquaculture Management, 2 Vols. K. Gopakumar, A.D. Diwan -Published by Narendra Publishing House, 2011.
- 8. Richard W. von Norman, 1963. Experimental Biology. Prentice Hall, New York.
- **9.** Gunter Zweig and Joseph Sherma, 1972. Handbook of Chromatography Vols. I & II. Cleveland, Ohilo 44128. (317).
- **10.** Gabe Manfred, 1976. Histological Techniques. Springer Verlag, New York.
- **11.**Galan W. Ewing, 1985. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analylsis. McGraw Hill Book Company, 538.
- **12.** Douglas A. Skoog, F. James Holler, Stanley R. and Crouch2017. Principles of Instrument Analysis. 7th Edition. Published by Cengage learning.



- **13.** Hawley, T.S. and R.G. Hawley, 2004. Flow cytometry protocols, 2nd edition, Humana Press
- **14.**GilianMc Mohan, 2007. Analytical Instrumentation. A Guide to Laboratory, portable and miniaturized Instruments. Published by Wiley interscience, 1st Edition.
- **15.**SusantaLatiri, 2008. Trace analysis. Narendra Publishing House, New Delhi, 186 pp.
- **16.**RasanKatoch, 2011. Analytical Techniques in Biochemistry and molecular Biology; Published by Springer-Verlag New York. 1st Edition.
- 17.S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Sverdrup, H.V., M.W., Johnson and R.H. Fleming.: The Oceans their physics, chemistry and general biology. Prentice- Hall Inc. 1942.
- **2.** Boyd, C.E. water Quality in Warm water Fish Ponds, Auburn University, Agricultural Experiment Station, 1979
- **3.** Santhanam, R. *et al.*, A Manual of Freshwater Aquaculture. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1987

19AQCP 106 SOFT SKILL LABORATORY

- 1. Improving pronunciation through tongue twisters.
- 2. Just a minutes session: Speaking Extempore for one minutes on given topics
- 3. Conversation classes on contemporary issues
- 4. Reading aloud of newspaper headlines and important articles.
- 5. Mannerism or Etiquette.
- 6. Group Discussion
- 7. Letter drafting
- 8. Report writing on a topic
- 9. Writing of corporate CVs
- 10. PPT presentation on selected issues
- 11. Tips to face the interviews
- 12. Mock Interview sessions

19AQCP 107 COMPUTER LABORATORY

- 1. Different components of Taskbar
- 2. Create Desktop icons & Folder and Files on Desktop
- 3. Run Application such as Notepad, MS Paint
- 4. Change Mouse properties in Windows
- 5. Connecting to the Internet, applying browsers software such as chrome, Internet Explorer
- 6. Applying software download
- 7. Create E-mail ID in a mail server, sending E-mail and working with Inbox
- 8. Create Bio data in word
- 9. Formatting text in Word
- 10. Create excel database, apply auto sum
- 11. Create presentation file with multiple slides
- 12. Apply slide transition and animation



- 13. Importing and exporting of files
- 14. Conversion of file from one format to other (.doc to pdf, .jpeg to pdf, etc)

19AQCP 108 BIOLOGY OF CULTIVABLE SHELL AND FIN FISHES

Practical

Analysis of gut contents. Study of food and feeding habits of finfish and shellfish. Estimation of age and growth by direct and indirect methods. Classification of maturity stages. Estimation of fecundity. Study of development stages. Tagging and marking. Visit to shrimp and prawn hatcheries to study developmental stages. Techniques of induced breeding – dissection, preservation and demonstration of pituitary gland in alcohol and glycerol, rearing of eggs and larvae.

19AQCP 109 PRINCIPLES AND METHODS IN AQACULTURE

Soil characteristics: texture –soil trigon method, total organic carbon, soil ph,npk,hydrogen sulphide content, bulk density, water quality parameters analysis: do, salinity, bod, ammonia, h₂s, ph, hardness, alkalinity, nitrate, nitrite; plankton – collection, identification and estimation of primary productivity, farm equipment/instruments – pumps, aerator, feeding tray, refractometer, handheld ph pen secchidisc,cast net, cast net efficiency, identification of commercially important phytoplankton and zooplankton, identification of cultivableand commercially important fresh, brackish and marine water fin and shell fishes, identification of aquatic weeds, pellet feeds – types and formulation, types of lime used in aquaculture practice.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Friedrich., H. Marine Biology, published by Sidgewick& Jackson, London, United Kingdom (1969).
- **2.** Raymont, J.E.G: Plankton and productivity in the Oceans; published by Pergamon Volume 1- 2nd edition. (1980)
- **3.** Balakrishna Nair. N. and D.M. Thampy: A text book of Marine ecology Published by Macmillan in Delhi. (1980)
- **4.** Frank. J Millero, 2013, Chemical Oceanography, 4th edition, Published by CRC press.
- **5.** Oceanography- Harold V.Thurman, National Geographic *publication-10th edition*
- **6.** Rath, R.K. Freshwater Aquaculture, published in 2005, Newyork -1972.
- **7.** Coastal Fisheries and Aquaculture Management, 2 Vols. K. Gopakumar, A.D. Diwan Published by Narendra Publishing House, 2011.
- 8. Richard W. von Norman, 1963. Experimental Biology. Prentice Hall, New York.
- **9.** Gunter Zweig and Joseph Sherma, 1972. Handbook of Chromatography Vols. I & II. Cleveland, Ohilo 44128. (317).
- **10.**Gabe Manfred, 1976. Histological Techniques. Springer Verlag, New York.
- **11.**Galan W. Ewing, 1985. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analylsis. McGraw Hill Book Company, 538.
- **12.**Douglas A. Skoog, F. James Holler, Stanley R. and Crouch2017. Principles of Instrument Analysis. 7th Edition. Published by Cengage learning
- **13.**Hawley, T.S. and R.G. Hawley, 2004. Flow cytometry protocols, 2nd edition, Humana Press.
- **14.**GilianMc Mohan, 2007. Analytical Instrumentation. A Guide to Laboratory, portable and miniaturized Instruments. Published by Wiley interscience, 1st Edition.



- **15.**SusantaLatiri, 2008. Trace analysis. Narendra Publishing House, New Delhi, 186 pp.
- **16.**RasanKatoch, 2011. Analytical Techniques in Biochemistry and molecular Biology; Published by Springer-Verlag New York. 1st Edition.
- 17.S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- **1.** Sverdrup, H.V., M.W., Johnson and R.H. Fleming.: The Oceans theirphysics, chemistry and general biology. Prentice- Hall Inc. 1942
- **2.** Boyd, C.E. water Quality in Warm water Fish Ponds, Auburn University, Agricultural Experiment Station, 1979
- **3.** Santhanam, R. *et al.*, A Manual of Freshwater Aquaculture. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1987.

19AQCC 201 SOFT SKILL AND PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

Course Objective

> To enhance holistic development of students and improve their employability skills.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Enhance the students Communication ability
- ✓ Developing the professionals with idealistic, practical and moral values.
- ✓ Enhance theirinter- personal skills and be an effective goal oriented team player.

UNIT I LISTENING SKILLS

Barriers to listening; effective listening skills; feedback skills. Attending telephone calls; note taking. Activities: Listening exercises - Listening to conversation, News and TV reports. Taking notes on a speech / lecture.

UNIT II SPEAKING AND CONVERSATIONAL SKILLS

Components of a meaning full and easy conversation; understanding the cue and making appropriate responses; forms of polite speech; asking and providing information on general topics. The study of sounds of English, stress and intonation. Situation based Conversation in English.

UNIT III ESSENTIALS OF SPOKEN ENGLISH

Activities, Making conversation and taking turns, Oral description or explanation of a common object, situation or concept, giving interviews.

UNIT IV PRESENTATION SKILL

Oral Presentation with / without audio visual aids.Group Discussion. Listening to any recorded or live material and asking oral questions for listening comprehension.

UNIT V PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

Attitude: Factors influencing Attitude, Challenges and lessons from Attitude. Change Management: Exploring Challenges, Risking Comfort Zone, Managing Change. Motivation: Factors of motivation, Self talk, Intrinsic & Extrinsic Motivators.

TEXT BOOKS



- **1.** Fredrick H. Wentz, "Soft skills Training A workbook to develop skills for employment", Createspace, 2012.
- **2.** Barun K. Mitra, "Personality Development and Soft skills", Oxford University Press, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Covey Sean, "Seven Habits of Highly Effective Teens", Fireside Publishers, 1998.
- **2.** Carnegie Dale, "How to win Friends and Influence People", Simon & Schuster, 1998.

19AQCC 202 BRACKISHWATER AQUACULTURE AND MARICULTURE

Course Objectives

- > To provide basic biology of the species used for brackish water aquaculture and mariculture.
- ➤ To give an introduction to brackish water aquaculture practices.
- > To provide a basic idea about various Mari culture practices.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge on the biology and biological cycle of the brackish water & marine cultivable species will be learnt.
- ✓ Knowledge on the brackish water culture practices will be learnt by the student.
- ✓ Knowledge on the Mari culture will be learnt by the student.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction, history, development and present status of brackishwater farming in India.Brackishwater as a medium for aquaculture, ecological factors – abiotic and biotic factors. Selection of site, general planning and design of brackish water farms.Aquaculture systems: traditional (pokkali, bheries, gazanis, khazans), semi-intensive, intensive aquaculture

UNIT II BRACKISHWATER

Finfish Culture Selection of cultivable species in brackish water systems, their biology and culture practices – monoculture and polyculture of – *Chanoschanos, Mugilcephalus, Latescalcarifer*. Nursery, rearing and grow out in ponds, cages and pens.

UNIT III CRUSTACEAN CULTURE

Species of shrimps cultured in brackishwater and their biology – *Penaeusmonodon, Penaeusindicus, Litopenaeusvannamei.* Extensive, semi-intensive and intensiveshrimp farming practices. Crab culture (*Scylla serrata, Scylla occeanica* and *Charybdis* sp.): Pond design, management of crab farm, fattening process of crab, economics-cage culture and pen culture

UNIT IV MOLLUSCS AND SEAWEED CULTURE

Culture of clams, cockles, edible oyster, pearl oyster and mussel, economic importance of mollusks. Seaweeds Culture, criteria for selection of candidate species in India, biology – life history, growth, reproduction of *Ulva, Laminaria, Gracilaria* and other economically importance of seaweeds.

UNIT V MARICULTURE

Ecological subdivisions of the sea. Selection of site and selection of materials for sea farming. Different designs of open sea farming structures – construction of cages – bioengineering problems and solutions – scope of open sea farming in India. Important



fin fishes cultured in the open seas and the culture systems. (Milk fish, Pearl spot and Mullets). Present status and recent developments inmariculture.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Welch, P.S. Limnology. McGrawHill, NY, 1952
- 2. Hutchinson, G.E. A Treatise on Limnology, Vols. I & II. John Wiley & Sons, 1957.
- **3.** Ruttner, F. Fundamentals of Limnology. Translated by D.G. Frey and F.E.Fry University of Toronto Press, 1968.
- 4. Wetzel, R.G. Limnology. W.B. Saunders Co., 1975.
- **5.** Reid, G.K. & R.D. wood. Ecology of inland waters and Estuaries. VanNostrandCompany, 1976.
- 6. Cole, C.A. Textbook of Limnology. The C.V. Mosby Co., 1983.
- **7.** Friedrich., H. Marine Biology, published by Sidgewick& Jackson, London, United Kingdom (1969).
- **8.** Raymont, J.E.C.: Plankton and productivity in the Oceans, Volume 1.
- 9. Balakrishna Nair. N. and D.M. Thampy: A text book of Marine ecology
- 10. Broecker, W.S.: Chemical Oceanography
- **11.**Sverdrup, H.V., M.W., Johnson and R.H. Fleming.: The Oceans Their physics, chemistry and general biology. Prentice-Hall Inc. 1942.
- 12. Dawes, C.J. 1988. Marine Botany. John Willey & Sons, New York, 480
- 13. S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1st edition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Pillay, T.V.R 1972. Coastal Aquaculture in the Indo Pacific Region. Fishing News (Books), London, 497.
- 2. Krisnamurthy.V and M.Balusamy, 2010. Phaeophyceae of India and neighborhood. Madras Christian College publishing, Chennai, 193.

19AQCC 203 HATCHERY TECHNOLOGY IN AQUATIC ORGANISMS

Course Objectives

- > To understand the current methodology and various techniques of commercial seed production.
- > To develop basic knowledge on the spawning, larval rearing and feeding of the commercially important species.
- ➤ Hatchery management strategies.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge on the biology and biological cycle of the brackish water & marine cultivable species will be learnt.
- ✓ Knowledge on the brackish water culture practices will be learnt by the student.
- ✓ Knowledge on the Mari culture will be learnt by the student.

UNIT I FIN AND SHELL FISH BREEDING



Fresh water and marine fish seed resources. Natural breeding of finfishes. Selection of riverine spawn collection sites, gears used and methods of collection. Study of maturity stages in fish. Calculation of fecundity. Broodstock maintenance and selection of fin and shell fishbrooders Natural seed resources, site selection and collection methods. Life cycle of important shellfish (*Penaeusmonodon*, *P. indicus*, *Macrobrachiumrosenbergii*, *Scylla serrata*, lobster, edible, oyster, pearl oyster, fresh water mussel.

UNIT II CARP HATCHERY

Hatchery management-seed production of carps. Hypophysation of Indian major carps and exotic carps, history of hypophysation. Pituitary gland. Collection and preservation of gland. Other ovulating agents. Brood stock management, sexing, dosage for injection, mechanism of ovulation. Development of carp eggs, different carp hatcheries. Nursery rearing of carp seed.

UNIT III CARP PRODUCTION SYSTEM AND SEED PRODUCTION OF OTHER FISHES

Production of common carp seeds, breeding techniques. Sundanese, Tjimindi, Rantjapaku and Central Sumatra methods. Methods followed in China and India. Transport of fish seed and brood fishes. Causes of mortality during transport, techniques of transport, open and closed systems, methods of transportation, use of anesthetics. Carp seed resources in major rivers. Bundh breeding, types of bundh breeding techniques. Problems of bundhbreeding. Seed production and nursery rearing of Clarias batrachus, Mugilcephalus, Latescalcarifer.

UNIT IV SEED PRODUCTION OF CRUSTACEANS AND MOLLUSKS

Seed production and nursery rearing of *Penaeusindicus*, *Penaeusmonodon*and*Macrobrachiumrosenbergii*.Hatchery operations of pearl oysters, clams, crabs, lobster.

UNIT V HATCHERY MANAGEMENT AND DESIGN OF SHRIMP HATCHERIES

Components and general design of hatcheries. Selection criteria for broodstock and brood stock management. Water quality monitoring and management. Quarantine and disease management in hatcheries. Various components, equipment's and infrastructure facilities required in hatchery. Mechanical and biological filters.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Pillay, T.V.R. & M.A. Dill. Advances in Aquaculture. Fishing News (Books)Ltd., England, 1979.
- **2.** Stickney, R.R. Principles of Warm Water Aquaculture. John Wiley & Sons Inc., 1979.
- 3. Hepher, B. & Y. Prugim. Commercial Fish Farming. John Wiley & Sons Inc., 1981.
- **4.** Boyd, C.E. Water Quality Management for Pond Fish Culture. ElsevierScientific Publishing Company, 1982.
- **5.** Jhingran, V.G. Fish and Fisheries of India. Hindustan Publishing CorporationIndia, 1982
- **6.** Bose, A.N. et. Al. Coastal Aquaculture Engineering. Oxford & IBH PublishingCompanyPvt. Ltd., 1991.
- 7. S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1st edition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering

REFERENCE BOOK

1. Turcker, C.S. Channel Catfish Culture. Elsevier, 1985.



19AQCC 204 FRESH WATER AQUACULTURE

Course Objectives

- > To understand the techniques involved in freshwater aquaculture practices.
- > To get a detailed information about freshwater aquaculture.
- > To provide a basic idea about the importance of live feed in culture systems.

Learning Outcome

- ✓ The learners will be aware of all the techniques involved in freshwater aquaculture.
- ✓ At the end of the course student can able to gain the knowledge on the fresh water aquaculture practices
- ✓ Knowledge on the culture systems will be learnt by the student

UNIT I FRESHWATER FISH CULTURE

Various freshwater organisms used for aquaculture in India.Culture of Carps-Nursery rearing and stocking ponds – composite fish culture, Preparation of ponds – different methods for the eradication of weed fishes, predators, aquatic insects and aquatic weeds, stocking and post stocking management, harvesting.Culture of air breathing fishes-Channa, Heteropneustes, Clarias, Anabas. Culture of Cold water fishes in India.

UNIT II CULTURE OF PRAWNS, MOLLUSCS AND FROG

Cultivable species of freshwater prawns and their biology – culture of *Macrobrachiumrosenbergii*. Freshwater pearl culture – present status of freshwater pearl culture and production in India.

UNIT III AQUACULTURE FOR STABLE ENVIRONMENT

Sewage fed fish culture, sewage treatment, -Sewage cum fish culture in India. Fish in relation to public health- Larvivores fishes and mosquito eradication using fishes.

UNIT IV RESERVOIR FISHERIES

Major reservoirs in India, measures for increasing production from reservoirs in India and abroad, Game fishery.

UNIT V INTEGRATED FARMING

Recent development in integrated farming - Rice cum fish culture, Duck cum fish culture, Poultry cum fish culture and pig cum fish culture. Organic aqua farming. Fish culture in cages and pens. Running water fish culture. Fish culture in cages and pens, race way, indoor tanks, canals, silo culture and Aqua ponics. Monoculture, polyculture, composite fish culture.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Welch, P.S. Limnology. Mcgraw Hill Book Company Inc, 2nd edition, NY, 1952
- 2. John E Bardach and John H Ryther ,1972. Aquaculture: The Farming and Husbandry of Freshwater and Marine Organisms, published by Wiley.
- 3. JanardhanaRao, K. & S.D. Tripathi. A Manual of Giant Freshwater Prawn
- 4. Hatchery. CIFA, Kausalyaganga, Orissa, India, 1993.
- 5. Iso Matsui. Theory and Practice of Eel Culture. American Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1980.
- 6. A.B.Chaudhuri –Aquaculture ,limnology and Ichthyology Daya Publishing House ,Year :2009
- 7. Aquaculture –principles and practices, second edition -2005, by Blackwell publishing Ltd –T.V.R. PillaiFishing News (Books) Ltd., London, 1990.



- 8. R.K. Rath-freshwater aquaculture 2nd edition, published in 2005.
- 9. Hutchinson, G.E. A Treatise on Limnology, Vols. I & II. John Wiley & Sons, 1957
- 10. Reid, G.K. & R.D. wood. Ecology of inland waters and Estuaries. Van Nostrand Company, 1976.
- 11. Bardach, J.E., J.H. Ryther and W.O. McLarney, 1972. Aquaculture: Farming and Husbandry of Freshwater and Marine Organisms. Wiley Interscience, New York, 868 pp.
- 12. Korringa, P., 1976. Farming Marine Fishes and Shrimps. Elsevier Publishing Company, Amsterdam, 208: 4.
- 13. Chen, T.P., 1976. Aquaculture Practices in Taiwan. Fishing News (Books) Ltd., London, 160.
- 14. Shigueno, K., 1993. Problems in Prawn Culture. Publisher A.A. Balkema.
- 15. Josianne., G Stottrup and Lesley A. McEroy, 2003. Live feeds in Marine aquaculture. Published by Wiley- Blackwell, 1st edition.
- 16. David, A. Bengtson, 2003. Status of Marine aquaculture in relation to live prey: past, present and future, Wiley Blackwell.
- 17. S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Pandey, A.C. Air Breathing Fishes. Reliance Publishing House, New Delhi, 1990.
- **2.** Santhanam, R. *et al.* A Manual of Freshwater Aquaculture. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1987.
- **3.** Pillay, T.V.R., 1972. Coastal Aquaculture in the Indo Pacific Region. Fishing News (Book) Ltd., London, 497.

19AQCC 205 CULTURE OF LIVE FISH FOOD ORGANISMS

Course Objectives

- > To provide basic biology of the species used for brackish water aquaculture and mariculture.
- To give an introduction to brackish water aquaculture practices.
- > To provide a basic idea about various Mari culture practices.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge on the biology and biological cycle of the brackish water & marine cultivable species will be learnt.
- ✓ Knowledge on the brackish water culture practices will be learnt by the student.
- ✓ Knowledge on the Mari culture will be learnt by the student.

UNIT I

Candidate species of Bacterioplankton, phytoplankton and zooplankton as live food organisms for fresh, brackish and marine fin and shell fishes.

UNIT II

Biology and mass culture of microalgae: Methods of collection-Different media used I cultue. Blue green algae- spirulina -green algae diatoms-flagellates- harvesting and processing. Bio-enrichment, bio-film, peri-phyton and bio-flock.



UNIT III

Biology- reproduction and feeding habits of zooplankton-culture requirements of important live feed organisms- infusoria-rotifers-cladocerans-tubifex, copepods, oligochaetes, and insect larvae.

UNIT IV

Artemia- biology- ecological significance- culture for cyst- biomass Production-Cultureuse of salt pans for artemia culture.Polychaete biology and diversity, captive mass culture technology and its impotence in brood stock nutrition.

UNIT V

Culture of chironomids-Culture of Earthworms-Bait fish and forage fish- Tropic potentials of different fish food organisms- Maggot production - proximate composition of fresh water and marine species of live feed.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Cyrino EP & Bureau D &Kapoor BG. 2008. Feeding and Digestive Functions in Fishes. Science Publ.
- **2.** Baton Roughe. De Silva SS & Anderson TA. 1995. Fish Nutrition in Aquaculture. Chapman & Hall Aquaculture Series.
- **3.** Elena M. 2003. Nutrition, Physiology and Metabolism in Crustaceans. Science Publishers.
- **4.** Guillame J, Kaushik S, Bergot P & Metallier R. 2001. Nutrition and Feeding of Fish and Crustaceans. Springer Praxis Publications.
- 5. Halver J & Hardy RW. 2002. Fish Nutrition. Academic Press.
- **6.** Halver JE &Tiews KT. 1979. Finfish Nutrition and Fishfeed Technology. Vols. I,
- **7.** Heenemann, Berlin. Hertrampf JW &Pascual FP. 2000. Handbook on Ingredients for Aquaculture Feeds. Kluwer.
- 8. Houlihan D, Boujard T & Jobling M. 2001. Food Intake in Fish. Blackwell.
- 9. Lovell RT. 1998. Nutrition and Feeding of Fishes. Chapman & Hall.
- 10.S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- **1.** ADCP (Aquaculture Development and Co-ordination Programme). 1980. Fish Feed Technology. ADCP/REP/80/11. FAO
- **2.** D' Abramo LR, Conklin DE & Akiyama DM. 1977. Crustacean Nutrition: Advances in Aquaculture. Vol. VI. World Aquaculture Society
- **3.** Lavens P & Sorgeloos P. 1996. Manual on the Production and Use of Live Food for Aquaculture. FAO Fisheries Tech. Paper 361, FAO.
- **4.** New MB. 1987. Feed and Feeding of Fish and Shrimp. A Manual on the Preparation and Preservation of Compound Feeds for Shrimp and Fish in Aquaculture. FAO ADCP/REP/87/26.



19AQCP 206 PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

- 1. Classroom technique to improve the soft skills
- 2. Surprise writing on current issues
- 3. General grooming sessions to face the interview
- 4. Group discussions
- 5. Motivational classes to improve communication and confidence power
- 6. Team project on personality development
- 7. Presentation through visual aids
- 8. News reading
- 9. Dialogue delivery
- 10. Change project

19AQCP 207 BRACKISHWATER AQUACULTURE AND MARICULTURE

Identification of important cultivable species. Collection and identification of commercially important seed of fish and shellfishes. Types of fertilizers - Pond preparation.Seed selection, and acclimatization.Water quality parameters. Estimation of seed survival. Pond biomass estimation. Material, apparatus and machinery for shore based aquaculture and sea farming. Estimation of feed intake.Growth and health monitoring. Fouling organisms in cages and pens.Collection of molluscan seed - materials, preparation and laying of spat collectors, observation of spat fall. Farm visit to witness seeding, growth, measurement, thinning, harvesting and in situ measurements of production. Induction of spawning by physical, chemical and biological techniques. Identification of locally available and economically impotent seaweeds. Field visit to observe the culture of seaweeds and the technique of harvest. Submission of field report.

19AQCP 208 HATCHERY TECHNOLOGY IN AQUATIC ORGANISMS

Study of maturity stages in fish. Collection and preservation of fish pituitary gland, Hypophysation.Calculation extract, of fecundity.Broodstock maintenance and selection of breeders for injection. Different fish hatchery systems, study of fish eggs and embryonic developmental stage. Identification of eggs, spawn, fry and fingerlings of different species. Preparation and management of fish nursery. Fish seed and brood stock transportation, use of anesthetics, disinfectants and antibiotics in fish breeding. Water quality monitoring in fish hatcheries and nurseries. Identification of brood stock and maturity stages of important crustaceans and mollusks. Breeding and larval rearing of Macrobrachiumrosenbergii and Penaeusmonodon. Identification of larval stages of important crustaceans and mollusks.Demonstration of eyestalk ablation in *Penaeusmonodon*. Collection, packing and transportation of shrimp/prawn seed and broodstock. Observations on gonadal maturation of Penaeusmonodon and Macrobrachiumrosenbergii. Water treatment and management in shrimp and prawn hatcheries. Different chemicals and drugs used in shrimp/prawn hatchery.

19AQCP209FRESH WATER AQUACULTURE

Study of cultivable species of finfish, shellfish. Collection, identification and control



of aquatic weeds, insects, predatory fishes, weed fishes and eggs and larval forms of fishes. Algal blooms and their control.Preparation and management of nursery, rearing and grow-out ponds.Study of effect of liming, manuring and fertilization on hydrobiology of ponds and growth of fish and shell fishes.Estimation of plankton and benthic biomass. Study of contribution of natural and supplementary feed to growth.

19AQCT 210CULTURE OF LIVE FISH FOOD ORGANISMS

of isolation identification of different Methods and live feed organisms (Bacterioplankton, microalgae, phytoplankton, zooplankton. Blue green algae-spirulina green algae diatoms-flagellates, bio-film, peri-phyton and bio-flock. Laboratory scale culture (batch and continuous) selected live feed organism - Evaluation of live feed organisms - Decapsulation technique and hatching method of brine shrimp cysts. Infusoria-rotifers-cladocerans-tubifex, copepods, oligochaetes, and insect larvae.chironomids-Culture of Earthworms-Bait fish culture, maggot culture

19AQCC 301 DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Course Objectives

- To understand disaster risk, improving disaster risk governance and mitigation
- ➤ Disaster reduction and disaster preparedness, early warning and restoration in the aftermath of a disaster.
- > To enlighten the learner with relief, restoration and rehabilitation which lies as the basic of disaster management.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge about the disaster in the coastal region and its mitigation measures
- ✓ Knowledge about the coping mechanisms
- ✓ Knowledge about the relief restoration and rehabilitation in the affected regions

UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS

Basic concepts: Hazard, risk, vulnerability, disaster, capacity building. Multi-hazard and disaster vulnerability of India.

UNIT II VARIOUS DISASTERS

Types of natural and manmade hazards in fisheries and aquaculture - cyclones, floods, droughts, tsunami, El-nino, algal blooms, avalanches, pollution, habitat destruction, over fishing, introduction of exotic species, landslides, epidemics, loss of bio-diversity etc. Causes, characteristics and impact of various disasters.

UNIT III DISASTER MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

Management strategies: pre-disaster, during disaster and post-disaster. Pre-disaster: prevention, preparedness and mitigation; different ways of detecting and predicting disasters; early warning, communication and dissemination, community based disaster preparedness, structural and non-structural mitigation measures.

UNIT IV RESPONSE AND RECOVERY SYSTEMS

During disaster: response and recovery systems at national, state and local, coordination between different agencies, international best practices. Post-disaster: Methods for assessment of initial and long term damages, reconstruction and rehabilitation.

UNIT V AGENCIES IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT



Prevalent national and global management practices in disaster management. Agencies involved in monitoring and early warnings at district, state, national and global levels. Sea safety and health.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Sinha A. 2001. Disaster Management. National Institute of Disaster Management, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, NewDelhi.
- **2.** Bist DS. 2000. Safety and Security at Sea A Guide to Safer Voyages.Butterworth-Heinemann.
- **3.** International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea. 1974. Universal Publication. Corporation. Mumbai.
- 4. Larkin FJ. 1998. Basic Coastal Navigation. 2nd Ed. Sheridan.

19AQCC 302 AQUACULTURE NUTRITION AND FEED MANAGEMENT

Course Objectives

- > To provide a basic understanding about fish nutrition.
- ➤ Provide the knowledge on the Fish feeding physiology, nutritional requirements.
- > Providing the basic knowledge on the feed composition, formulation of nutritionally balanced feed, production and use of live feed for optimal production

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Clear knowledge about the fin and shell fish nutrition.
- ✓ Knowledge about the feed ration and ratio in aquaculture system.
- ✓ Knowledge on the physiology of fish feeding and nutritional requirements will be learnt by the students.

UNIT I BASIC PRINCIPLES OF NUTRITION

Basic principles of nutrition for fishes and shrimps. Natural foods and artificial feeds, comparison between the feeding of terrestrial animals and fish and prawns.

UNIT II NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Nutritional requirements of cultivated fishes and shrimps; energy, proteins, carbohydrates, fats, fibre, minerals and vitamins. Digestion, assimilation and conversion of feed: FCR, biological value etc.

UNIT III FEED FORMULATIONS

Feed formulations, feeds for fish and prawn larval stages, juveniles, grow out stages, brood stock etc., pelleted feeds, additives, preservatives, attractants and Probiotics and feed production

UNIT IV FEED PRESERVATION AND FEEDING MANAGEMENT

Feed storage, Methods of Feeding- Feeding Devices-Demand feeder- Electrically operated automatic feeders- Pneumatic-type automatic feeders- Hydraulic - type automatic feeders- Feeding carts- Feeding boats- Feeding devices for wet or moist feeds. Feeding techniques, rations for cultivated fish and prawns, feed management aspects, nutritional pathology.

UNIT V TYPES OF FEEDS

Different Forms of Feeds - Feeds based on life-cycle of fish- Product quality feeds-Larval feeds- Flakes- Farm-made feeds - Feed additives- Binders- Antioxidants-Enzymes-Pigments- Growth promoters - Feed stimulants- Immunostimulants- Nonconventional feed ingredients and anti-nutritional factors- Digestive enzyme,



digestibility and factors affecting digestibility- Protein digestion- Fat digestion- Carbohydrate Digestion- Microbial digestion- Factors affecting digestibility.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Cyrino EP & Bureau D &Kapoor BG. 2008. Feeding and Digestive Functions in Fishes. Science Publication.
- **2.** De Silva SS & Anderson TA. 1995. Fish Nutrition in Aquaculture. Chapman & Hall Aquaculture Series.
- **3.** Elena M. 2003. Nutrition, Physiology and Metabolism in Crustaceans. Science Publishers.
- **4.** Guillame J, Kaushik S, Bergot P & Metallier R. 2001. Nutrition and Feeding of Fish and Crustaceans. Springer Praxis Publication
- 5. Halver J & Hardy RW. 2002. Fish Nutrition. Academic Press.
- **6.** Halver JE &Tiews KT. 1979. Finfish Nutrition and FishFeed Technology. Vols. I, II.
- **7.** Heenemann, Berlin. Hertrampf JW &Pascual FP. 2000. Handbook on Ingredients for Aquaculture Feeds. Kluwer.
- 8. Houlihan D, Boujard T & Jobling M. 2001. Food Intake in Fish. Blackwell.
- 9. S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- **1.** ADCP (Aquaculture Development and Co-ordination Programme). 1980. Fish Feed Technology. ADCP/REP/80/11. FAO.
- **2.** Lovell RT. 1998. Nutrition and Feeding of Fishes. Chapman & Hall. New MB. 1987. Feed and Feeding of Fish and Shrimp. A Manual on the Preparation and Preservation of Compound Feeds for Shrimp and Fish in Aquaculture. FAO ADCP/REP/87/26.
- **3.** Lavens P &Sorgeloos P. 1996. Manual on the Production and Use of Live Food for Aquaculture. FAO Fisheries Tech. Paper 361, FAO.
- **4.** D' Abramo LR, DE & Akiyama DM Conklin. 1977. Crustacean Nutrition: Advances in Aquaculture. Vol. VI. World Aquaculture Society, Baton Roughe.

19AQCC 303 INLAND AND MARINE FISHERIES

Course Objectives

- To introduce the learner to various types of fisheries
- > To study the riverine, reservoir and estuarine fishery resources
- > To understand pelagic and demersal marine fishery resources

Learning Outcome

- ✓ At the end of the study the learners will be highly equipped with various types of fishery.
- ✓ Student learns the knowledge on the inland fishery resources.



✓ Student learns the knowledge on the pelagic and demersal fishery resources.

UNIT I RIVERINE AND COLDWATER FISHERIES

Inland fish production in India- Riverine fisheries – major river systems in India, capturefisheries, fishing methods, recent statistics of catches, problems encountered in fisheriesdevelopment of major rivers. Cold water fisheries- major rivers and species – problems encountered in fisheries development of rivers supporting cold water fisheries.

UNIT II RESERVOIR AND ESTUARINE FISHERIES

Reservoir fisheries- Major reservoirs in India- capture fisheries, fishing methods, recent statistics of catches, problems encountered in fisheries. Development Estuarine fisheries- definition and classification of estuaries- capture fisheries- resident and migrant species. Fishing methods, recent statistics of catches, problems encountered in fisheries development of major estuaries.

UNIT III MARINE FISHERIES- PELAGIC RESOURCES

Marine fishery resources in India- important fishing zones including Wadge bank, maritime states. Major pelagic resource groups- sardines, mackerel, anchovies, ribbon fishes, tuna and seer fishes. Methods of fishing - Recent catch statistics of pelagic fisheries.

UNIT IV MARINE FISHERIES- DEMERSAL RESOURCES

Major demersal resource groups- elasmobranchs, cephalopods, silver bellies, flat fishes, crabs, sciaenids, pomfrets, bombay duck, prawns, lobsters, molluscan resources. Methods of fishing, recent catch statistics. Fishery of mud banks.

UNIT V MARINE FISHERIES - DEEP SEA RESOURCES

Major deep sea resources - fishes, shrimps, lobsters - status of deep sea fishing in India. Chartered fishing in India- policies and problems. Marine fish production in India. - Estimated fishery resources - inshore - offshore - deep sea resource. Fishing regulations.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Thorpe JE, Talbot C & Miles MS. (Ed.) 1995. Conservation of Fish and Shell Fish Resource; Managing Diversity. Academic Press.
- 2. S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- **1.** Mahanta PC &Tyagi LK. 2003. Participatory Approach for Fish Biodiversity Conservation in North East India. National Bureau of Fish Genetic Resources (NBFGR), Lucknow.
- **2.** Menon AGK. 2004. Threatened Fishes of India and their Conservation. Fisheries Survey of India. Michael RR. 1997. Fisheries Conservation and Management. Prentice Hall.
- **3.** Pascoe S. 2005. Bycatch Management and the Economics of Discarding. Daya Publication House.



19AQCC 304 AQUATIC ECOLOGY AND BIODIVERSITY

Course Objectives

- > To understand the aquatic environment and its structures and functions
- To study the pond ecosystem and its interaction with environment
- > To study the animal associations with other biotic and biotic components

Learning outcomes

- ✓ Learners will have a detailed knowledge on the aquatic environment, its structure and function.
- ✓ Determinative familiarity with the biotic and abiotic components will be gathered.
- ✓ Information on biodiversity, pond ecosystem and its interactions will be obtained.

UNIT I ECOLOGY

Definition; Ecological Hierarchy; Subdivisions of Ecology, Ecosystem: Principles and concepts; Examples of Ecosystems: Ponds, Lakes, Rivers, Estuary, mangrove, corals, lagoons; Production and Decomposition.

UNIT II STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF ECOSYSTEMS

Energy flow: Definition; Laws of Thermodynamics; Energy Environment; Concepts of Productivity; Measurement of primary productivity; Trophic Levels, and Examples; Ecological Pyramids. Biogeochemical Cycles: Patterns and Basic types, cycling of Organic nutrients; Pathways, limiting factors and governing laws. Ecological Indicators.

UNIT III COMMUNITY ECOLOGY:

The bioticcommunity, Conceptsofhabitatand ecological Niche; Natural Selection; Ecological Dominance; community analysis; species diversity in communities; patterns incommunities, ecotones, Population ecology: population group properties, population density and indices of relative abundance. Types of interaction - animal Association-Symbiosis, commensalisms, parasitism, etc.

UNIT IV COASTAL ECOSYSTEMS

Coastal Zone and its classification. Estuaries - classification; physico-chemical factors; biota and productivity; example of some Indian estuaries. Mangroves-definition, mangroveplants, factors affecting distribution. Mangrove flora and fauna.

The sea shore: The Inertial Zone, factors Affecting life on shore, nature of substratum, physical factors, zonation, fauna and flora on a rocky shore, sandy shore, and muddy shore.

UNIT VCONSERVATION OFHABITATS

Endangered species and their conservation, fishpasses for migratory fishes, protectedareas, marine parks and sanctuaries, mangrove afforestation. Artificial reefs. Conservation programmes for endangered species.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Balakrishnan Nair N and Thampy DM. 1980. A Text Book of Marine Ecology. The MacMillan Co.
- 2. Odum, E.P.1987. Basic Ecology. Saunders College Publication, Philadelphia
- 3. Castro P & Huber ME. 1997. Marine Biology. 2nd Ed. Mc-Graw Hill.



- **4.** Duxbury AC, Duxbury AB & Sverdrup KA. 2000. An Introduction to the World's Oceans. 6th Ed. McGraw Hill.
- **5.** Gross G. 1993. Oceanography: A View of the Earth. 6th Ed. Prentice Hall.
- 6. S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- **1.** FAO. 1975. Code of Safety for Fisherman and Fishing Vessels. International Maritime Organization, London.
- 2. Prakasan U. 1997. Rule of the Road Signal and Voyage. CIFNET, Cochin

19AQCC 305SOIL AND WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Course Objectives

- > To enlighten the leaner with basic soil and water quality parameters and its management in aquaculture
- To study the aquaculture pond dynamics
- > To understand the pond soil and water characteristics and their optimum requirements to increase the productivity of the ponds.

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Clear knowledge about the water quality parameters required for the different aquaculture system
- ✓ By the end learners will get acquainted with the aquaculture pond dynamics.
- ✓ Knowledge about the pond bottom soil quality and its management

UNIT I HYDROLOGY

Water temperature, turbidity, pH, conductivity, Salinity, chlorinity, dissolved oxygen, free carbon dioxide, alkalinity, hardness, nitrites, nitrates, phosphates and ammonia etc.

UNIT II ANALYTICAL METHODS

Laboratory, apparatus, glassware, balances and equipment-uses and maintenance. Collection and preservation of water samples. Common methods of analysis of soil and water quality parameters. Water quality standards

UNIT III SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

Physical properties of soil, soil texture, soil types, Classification of soil. Collection and preservation of soil samples: Soil quality parameters: Conductivity, pH organic carbon, available nitrogen, available phosphorus, total nitrogen, potassium, lime, manures and chemical fertilizers their interaction with water and soil.

UNIT IV SOIL MANAGEMENT

Properties of water logged soils, acidic and alkaline soils, amelioration of problem soils, management of water and soil quality for aquaculture.

UNIT V SOIL AND WATER AMENDMENTS

Amendments – lime, manure fertilizers, micronutrients, zeolites, alum, gypsum: environment amelioration – chlorination deodorizers, bacterial formulation, Soil and water probiotics for aquaculture ponds

TEXT BOOKS



- **1.** Boyd, C. E. and Tucker, C. S. 1992. Water Quality and Pond Soil Analyses for Aquaculture, Alabama Agricultural Experimental Station, Auburn University.
- **2.** Boyd CE. 1979. Water Quality in Warm Water Fish Ponds. Auburn University. ICAR. 2006. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.
- **3.** Parsons TR, Maita Y &Lalli CM. 1984. A Manual of Chemical and Biological Methods for Seawater Analysis. Pergamon Press.
- **4.** Sharma LL, Sharma SK, Saini VP & Sharma BK. (Eds.). 2008. Management of Freshwater Ecosystems. Agrotech Publication Academy.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. APHA, AWWA, WPCF. 1998. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Ed. American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Pollution Control Federation, Washington, D. C.
- **2.** Adhikari S & Chatterjee DK. 2008. Management of Tropical Freshwater Ponds. Daya Publication
- **3.** Rajagopalsamy CBT &Ramadhas V. 2002. Nutrient Dynamics in Freshwater Fish Culture System. Daya Publication.

19AQCP 306 AQUACULTURE NUTRITION AND FEED MANAGEMENT

Practical

Preparation of supplementary feeds with locally available ingredients, proximate analysis of feeds. Determination of water stability of pellet feeds. Feed calculation. Observations on bag feeding in fish ponds and check-trays in shrimp farming ponds. Estimation of FCR. Preparation of artificial feeds using locally available feed ingredients. Determination of sinking rate and stability of feeds. Effect of storage on feed quality.

19AQCP 307SOIL AND WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Demonstration of laboratory glassware, equipment and analytical instruments. Preparation of solutions, collection, preservation and analysis of water samples. Measurement of temperature, turbidity, pH, Salinity chlorinate, dissolved oxygen, free carbon dioxide, total alkalinity, total hardness, nitrates and phosphates. Collection and processing of soil samples; analysis of soil conductivity, soil texture, soil texture, soil pH, organic carbon, available and total nitrogen, available phosphorus and lime requirement.

19AQCP 308 INLAND AND MARINE FISHERIES

Visit to inland and marine fish landing centres; sampling, collection and familiarization of commercially important groups viz., marine and freshwater teleosts, elasmobranchs, crustaceans, molluscs and seaweeds; observation and analysis of marine catches by major crafts and gears; observation and analysis of species composition of commercial inland fish catches at landing and assembling centres; observation and experimental operations of selected fishing gears in inland / estuarine waters; Maintenance of records of marine and inland fish catch data; GIS and Remote Sensing in capture fishery.

19AQCP 309 AQUATIC ECOLOGY AND BIODIVERSITY

Visit to a lake, natural pond\estuaries \swamp\marsh\river\flood plain\ reservoir and marine protected areas. Study of the habitat, biotic communities, and species diversity and their adaptive characters/ associations. Visit to a mangrove forest, collection and identification of mangrove flora and fauna. Visit to a rocky shore to study zonation and



physico-chemical conditions. collection and identification of Rocky shore flora and fauna. Visit to a sandy shore shore to study zonation and physico-chemical conditions.Collection

and identification of sandy shore flora and fauna. Visit to a muddy shore to study zonation andphysico-chemical conditions. collection and identification of muddy shore flora and fauna. Collection and identification of corals and coral reef biota. Visit to marine structures on the coast, collection and identification of Borers and Fouler organisms, assessment of the damages and appraisal of remedial measures. Visit to a marine park/sanctuary. Understanding the steps involved in protecting endangered habitats and species (Horse shoe crab, Marine turtles, sharks and marine mammals).

19AQCC 401 ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Course Objectives

- To introduce the accounting and financial aspects of aquaculture
- > To study the aquaculture marketing strategy
- To study the knowledge centres and its role in the access to the aquaculture

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge about the financing in fisheries and aquaculture sector
- ✓ Students will gather interest and knowledge on marketing strategy and entrepreneurship
- ✓ Clear knowledge about the entrepreneurial nuances of fishery and allied sectors

UNIT IACCOUNTING AND FINANCE

Taking decision on starting a venture; Assessment of feasibility of a given venture/new venture; Approach a bank for a loan; Sources of financial assistance; Making a business proposal/Plan for seeking loans from financial institution and Banks; Funds from bank for capital expenditure and for working; Statutory and legal requirements for starting a company/venture;

UNIT II MARKETING & NEGOTIATIONS/STRATEGY

Assessment of market demand for potential product(s) of interest; Market conditions, segments; Prediction of market changes; Identifying needs of customers including gaps in the market, packaging the product; Market linkages, branding issues; Developing distribution channels; Pricing/Policies/Competition; Promotion/ Advertising; Services Marketing

UNIT III INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

How to use IT for business administration; Use of IT in improving business performance; Available software for better financial management; E-business setup, management.

UNIT IV HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (HRD)

Leadership skills; Managerial skills; Organization structure, pros & cons of different structures; Team building, teamwork; Appraisal; Rewards in small scale set up.

UNIT V FUNDAMENTALS OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP & ROLE OF KNOWLEDGE CENTRE AND R&D

Support mechanism for entrepreneurship in India, Knowledge centres like universities and research institutions; Role of technology and upgradation; Assessment of scale of development of Technology; Managing Technology Transfer; Regulations for transfer of foreign technologies; Technology transfer agencies.



TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Hine, D. and J. Kapeleris, 2006. Innovation & Entrepreneurship in Biotechnology, An International Perspective- Concepts, Theories and Cases, Edward Elgar Publishing Limited.
- **2.** Patzelt, H. and T. Brenner (Eds.), 2008. Handbook of bioentrepreneurship International Handbook Series on Entrepreneurship, Springer Science Business media LLC, 294pp.

19AQCC 402 GENETICS AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Course Objectives

- > To acclimatize the students to the basic concepts of genetics and biotechnology.
- > To provide basic idea about the principles of genetics and depict the hereditary mechanism in cultured species.
- > To acquaint with the state of the art techniques in biotechnology and its application in aquaculturesector

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge on heredity determination will be learnt.
- ✓ Principles of Biotechnology and its applications in the aquaculture will be learnt
- ✓ Student will learn the concept of Mendelian genetic principles.

UNIT I BASIC GENETICS

Introduction – Genetics, Mendel's law. Principles of fish genetics. Cytogenetics, quantitative genetics, population genetics.

UNIT II BREEDING AND QUARANTINE

History and present status of selective breeding programs in aquaculture. Selection methods and mating designs. Design for selective breeding. Inbreeding and its consequences. Domestication methods. Seed certification and quarantine procedures.

UNIT III HYBRIDIZATION

Cryopreservation of gametes. Cross breeding (hybridization) – types of cross breeding, heterosis and design of cross breeding programmes, hybridization in different fishes.

UNIT IV GENETIC MANIPULATION

Chromosome structure and its manipulation. Sex-reversal and Sex control. Role of steroid in sex reversal. Triploidy, polyploidy, Androgenesis and Gynogenesis and its application in fish culture. Genetic resources of India and Conservation.

UNIT V BIOTECHNOLOGY

Recombinant DNA technology, determinants of DNA replication, cloning, vectors, transformation.Gene manipulation in fish, transgenic fish production.Molecular disease diagnostics.Use of probiotics and antibiotics in aquaculture operations.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Douglas T. 1998. Genetics for Fish Hatchery Managers. Kluwer. Springer ISBN 978-0-442-00417-0.
- **2.** Dunham RA. 2004. Aquaculture and Fisheries Biotechnology Genetic Approaches. CABI, 2ndEditionISBN: 978-1-84-593651-8. 495pp.
- **3.** Malvee S. 2008. Fish Genetics. SBS Publisers.ISBN 10: 8189741632 ISBN 13: 9788189741631.



- **4.** Nair PR. 2008. Biotechnology and Genetics in Fisheries and Aquaculture. Published by Dominant, New Delhi. ISBN 10: 8178885654 / ISBN 13: 9788178885650.
- **5.** Padhi BJ andMandal RK. 2000. Applied Fish Genetics. Fishing Chimes.190 pp., ISBN 8186110011.
- **6.** Pandian TJ, StrüssmannCA and Marian MP. 2005. Fish Genetics and Aquaculture Biotechnology. Science Pulication.
- 7. Reddy PVGK. 2005. Genetic Resources of Major Indian Carps. Daya Publ.
- **8.** Reddy PVGK, Ayyappan S, Thampy DM and Gopalakrishna. 2005. Text Book of Fish Genetics and Biotechnology. ICAR.
- **9.** Sinnot EW, Dunn L and Dobzansky T. 1989. Principles of Genetics. McGraw Hill.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Das P and Jhingran AG. 1976. Fish Genetics in India. Today & Tomorrow Publication.

19AQCC 403 PATHOLOGY IN AQUACULTURE

Course Objectives

- To understand the various types of diseases among the cultivable fin and shell fishes
- > To learn and apply methods to control and disease preparedness strategy in the field
- > To understand recent tools for diagnosis and disease management strategies.
- > To understand the role of environment as an important player in infectious diseases in the controlled environment

Learning outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge on the aquatic diseases will be obtained.
- ✓ Students will have an idea on precautionary measures to be adopted in case of infection to prevent the spread of the disease.
- ✓ Students will gain knowledge on the disease diagnostic tools.

UNIT 1: PATHOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Introduction to fish diseases –Definition and categories of diseases – Disease and environment.Pathology and parasitology. Stress as a factor in the occurrence of diseases. Parasitism – host-parasite relationship.

UNIT II FUNGAL AND VIRAL DISEASES

Fungal diseases (finfish) – Saprolegniosis, brachiomycosis, ichthyophorus diseases.Lagenidium diseases – Fusarium disease Viral diseases (finfish) – IPN, IHN, Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia, Spring Viremia of carps – Major CCVD, Carp lymphocytes.Major shrimp viral diseases – *Bacculoviruspenaeii*, MonodonBacculovirus, Bacculoviralmidgut necrosis, IHHNV, Hepatopancreaticparvo like virus, Yellow head bacculovirus, white spot bacculovirus.

UNIT III BACTERIAL, PROTOZOAN AND METAZOAN DISEASES

Common bacterial diseases (Enteric red mouth disease, Bacterial cold water disease furunculosis, vibriosis, dropsy and Gill and fin rot) their diagnosis and treatment. Protozoan diseases- Ichthyophthiriasis, Costiasis, whirling diseases, trypanosomiasis.Metazoan Diseases- diseases caused by annelids, helminthes, crustaceans and molluscs.



UNIT IV NUTRITIONAL DISEASES AND IMMUNOLOGY

Nutritional pathology – lipid liver degeneration, Vitamin and mineral deficiency diseases. Aflatoxin and dinoflagellates. Defence mechanism in fish and shell fish, Application and development of vaccines. Diagnostic tools – immune detection-DNA/RNA techniques. General preventive methods and prophylaxis.

UNIT V FISH HEALTH MANAGEMENT

Good pond management practices- Eco-friendly and sustainable aquaculture. Quarantine.Methods of pathological examination of fish and infectious diseases.Production of disease-free seeds.Evaluation criteria of healthy seeds. Good Feed management for healthy organisms. Zero water exchange. Probiotics in health management.

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Andrews C, Excell A and Carrington N. 1988. The Manual of Fish Health Salamander Books.
- **2.** Sindermann CJ. 1990. Principal Diseases of Marine Fish and Shellfish. Vols. I, II. 2nd Ed. Academic Press.
- **3.** Schaperclaus W. 1986. Fish Diseases. Vols. I, II. Oxonian Press.
- **4.** Jorge E, Helmut S, Thomas W and Kapoor BG. 2008. Fish Diseases. Science Publication. Volumes 1 and 2.
- **5.** Humphrey J, Arthur JR, Subasinghe RP and Phillips MJ. 2005. Aquatic Animal Quarantine and Health Certification in Asia. FAO Publication.
- **6.** Inglis V, Roberts RJ and Bromage NR. 1993. Bacterial Diseases of Fish. Oxford: Blackwell Scientific Publications.
- **7.** Iwama G and Nakanishi T. (Eds.). 1996. The Fish Immune System Organism, Pathogen and Environment. Academic Press. Volume 15, 1st Edition.
- **8.** Roberts RJ. 2001. Fish Pathology. WB Saunders, 3rd Ed.
- **9.** Shankar KM and Mohan CV. 2002. Fish and Shellfish HealthManagement.UNESCO Publications.
- **10.** Woo PTK and Bruno DW. (Eds.). 1999. Fish Diseases and Disorders. Vol. III. Viral, Bacterial and Fungal Infection. CABI.
- **11.** Walker P and Subasinghe RP. (Eds.) 2005. DNA Based Molecular Diagnostic Techniques: Research Needs for Standardization and Validation of the Detection of Aquatic Animal Pathogens and Diseases. FAO Publ, ISBN 92-5-104420-1.
- 12. S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

- 1. Felix S, Riji John K, Prince Jeyaseelan MJ &Sundararaj V. 2001. Fish Disease Diagnosis and Health Management. FisheriesCollegeandResearch, Institute, T. N. Veterinary and AnimalSciencesUniversity. Thoothukkudi.
- **2.** Humphrey J, Arthur JR, Subasinghe RP and Phillips MJ. 2005. Aquatic Animal Quarantine and Health Certification in Asia. FAO Publication.



3. Wedmeyer G, Meyer FP and Smith L. 1999. Environmental Stress and Fish Diseases. Narendra Publication House. Book 5.

19AQCC 404 FISH PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY AND QUALITY CONTROL

Course Objectives

- > To empower students with present day technologies involved in fish processing and to provide a firm understanding on the various quality requirements in seafood processing
- > To understand the preservation technology available in the field
- > To provide information about the various value added marine food products in the market and also its processing technology

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ The ultimate outcome of the study is that the students will get an updated knowledge on fish processing technology
- ✓ Knowledge on quality requirements in seafood processing and preservation technology will be learned.
- ✓ Students will get to know about the value added marine food products in the market and its processing techniques.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION OF FISH PROCESSING AND FREEZING

Introduction of fish processing, global supply and demand. Principles of fish preservation-Precautions taken in handling fish in the fishing vessel, landing center and processing plant. Fundamental principles involved in chilling and freezing of fish and fishery products. Various freezing methods used in shrimps and fishes Preservation by refrigerated seawater and chilled sea water.

UNIT II PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES OF FINFISH/SHELL FISH PROCESSING

Principles of preservative methods - Drying, Salting, Smoking and Canning. Principles of freeze drying. Accelerated freeze drying and packing of freeze dried products. Modern methods of preservation by irradiation and modified atmospheric storage.

UNIT IIIFISH BY-PRODUCTS

Fish meal.Dry reduction and wet reduction methods – specification – packaging and storage. Fish oil – body oil – liver oil – extraction – purification – preservation – storage – application. Shrimp wastes – chitin – chitosan – production – uses. Fish protein concentrate.Fish hydrolysate, partially hydrolyzed and deodorized fish meat, functional fish protein concentrates and their incorporation to various products.

UNIT IV VALUE ADDED BY-PRODUCTS

Fish silage – acid silage – fermented silage – application. Fish maws, shark leather fish glue, fish gelatin, isinglass, pearl essence, shark fin rays, beach - de - mer. Biochemical and pharmaceutical products. Utilization of seaweeds: agar agar, algin, carrageenan.

UNIT V QUALITY CONTROL

Basic concepts and quality control in fish processing. Salient features of sea food quality and factors. Standards of Sea food. Concepts of Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP), Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP), Sanitary Standard Operating Procedure (SSOP). Determining the quality assurance of sea food.



TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Balachandran KK. 2002. Fish Canning Principles and Practices. CIFT, Cochin.
- 2. Gopakumar K. 2002. Text Book of Fish Processing Technology. ICAR.
- **3.** Hall GM. (Ed). 1992. Fish Processing Technology. Blackie. Spinger science and business.
- **4.** Hersom AC and Hulland ED. 1980. Canned Foods. 7th edition. Chemical Publ. Co.
- **5.** Larousse J and Brown BE. 1997. Food Canning Technology. Wiley VCH.
- **6.** Nambudiri DD. 2006. Technology of Fishery Products. Fishing Chimes.
- **7.** Stumbo. 1973. Thermo Bacteriology in Food Processing. 2nd edition CRC, Academic Press.
- **8.** Thorne S. 1991. Food Irradiation. 1st edition Elsevier.
- 9. Venugopal V. 2006. Seafood Processing. 1st edition Boca Raton CRC Press.
- **10.**Balachandran KK. 2001. Post-Harvest Technology of Fish and Fish Products. Dayabooks.
- **11.**Gopakumar K. 1993. Fish Packaging Technology Materials and Methods. 1st edition. Concept Publishing co.
- 12.S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Warne D. 1988. Manual on Fish Canning, FAO Fisheries Tech. Paper 285
- 2. Zeathen P. 1984. Thermal Processing and Quality of Foods. 1st edition Elsevier

19AQCC 405 ANATOMY OF FINFISH AND SHELLFISH

Course Objectives

- > To introduce the learner to general morphology and anatomy of fin & Shell fishes
- To study the physiological characteristics of fin& shell fishes
- > To provide the knowledge on the anatomy characteristics of the fin & shell fishes

Learning objectives

- ✓ By the end of the course the students will be equipped with the knowledge of morphology and anatomy of fin & Shell fishes.
- ✓ Knowledge on the physiological characteristics of fin & shell fishes will be learnt by the student.
- ✓ Students will gain knowledge on the anatomical characteristics of the fin and shell fish.

UNIT I EXTERNAL ANATOMY

Oral region and its associated structure; Digestive system and its associated glands - Cell structure, tissue and body organization - External anatomy of teleost; elasmobranch; crustacean (Eg.Palaemon prawn / penaeid shrimp), gastropod (Eg. Apple snail), bivalve (Eg.Freshwater mussel) and cephalopod (Eg.Cuttlefish) - Oral region and its associated structures; digestive system and associated digestive glands of teleost; elasmobranch; crustacean (Eg.Palaemon prawn / penaeid shrimp), gastropod (Eg.Apple snail), bivalve (Eg.Freshwater mussel) and cephalopod (Eg. Cuttlefish)



UNIT II CIRCULATORY SYSTEM

Circulatory system of teleost; elasmobranch; crustacean (Eg.Palaemon prawn / penaeid shrimp), gastropod (Eg.Apple snail), bivalve (Eg.Freshwater mussel) and cephalopod (Eg. Cuttlefish)

UNIT III RESPIRATORY AND SKELETAL SYSTEMS

Respiratory system of teleost; elasmobranch; crustacean (Eg.Palaemon prawn / penaeid shrimp), gastropod (Eg.Apple snail), bivalve (Eg.Freshwater mussel) and cephalopod (Eg.Cuttlefish) - Skeletal system of teleost / elasmobranch.

UNIT IV REPRODUCTIVE & EXCRETORY SYSTEMS

Urino-genital system and Endocrine system - Reproductive and Excretory systems (Urino-genital system) of teleost; elasmobranch; crustacean (Eg.Palaemon prawn / penaeid shrimp), gastropod (Eg.Apple snail), bivalve (Eg.Freshwater mussel) and cephalopod (Eg.Cuttlefish) - Endocrine systems of teleost; elasmobranch; crustacean (Eg.Palaemon prawn / penaeid shrimp), gastropod (Eg.Apple snail), bivalve (Eg.Freshwater mussel) and cephalopod (Eg.Cuttlefish).

UNIT V NERVOUS SYSTEM AND SENSE ORGANS

Nervous system of teleost; elasmobranch; crustacean (Eg.Palaemon prawn / penaeid shrimp), gastropod (Eg.Apple snail), bivalve (Eg.Freshwater mussel) and cephalopod (Eg.Cuttlefish) - Sense organs of teleost; elasmobranch; crustacean (Eg.Palaemon prawn / penaeid shrimp), gastropod (Eg.Apple snail), bivalve (Eg.Freshwater mussel) and cephalopod (Eg.Cuttlefish).

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Lagler, K.F., J.E. Bardach and R.R. Miller, 1962. Icthyology. John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 545 pp.
- **2.** Carl E. Bond, 1979. Biology of Fishes. W.B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia, 514 pp.
- **3.** Jones, F.R.H., 1968. Fish Migration. Edward Arnold Ltd., London, 325 pp.
- **4.** Milne, P.H.1972. Fish and shellfish farming in the coastal waters Fishing News(Books) Ltd.London.
- S. Ayyappan, J. K. Jena, A. Gopalakrishnan and Dr. A. K. Pandey, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture, 1stedition, 2006. Publisher Directorate of Information and Publications of Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 2006 Technology & Engineering.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Santhanam R. Ramanathan and G.Jagadessan 1990. Coastal Aquaculture in India. 1st edition. CBS Publication, India

19AQCP 406 GENETICS AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

- **1.** Collection of fish blood and its analysis.
- 2. PCR, ELISA and Agarose Gel Electrophoresis.
- **3.** Protocol of Cryopreservation of gametes.
- **4.** Quantitative and qualitative determination of fish gametes like sperm motility, viability, counts.
- **5.** Problems on Mendelian inheritance, linkage and crossing over, monohybrid and dihybrid ration, epistasis, pleotropism. Mitotic and meiotic chromosome preparation.
- **6.** Demonstration of protocol of androgenesis, gynogenesis and polyploidy.



7. Cryopreservation protocols, Quality evaluation of fish milt.

19AOCP 407 PATHOLOGY IN AQUACULTURE

Collection preservation, Identification of disease causing agents. Preparation of media for culture, Familiarization with techniques of bacterial culture and identification, fungal isolation, characterization. Preparation of the list of chemicals and drugs used to control the diseases and medicines, visit to fish and shrimp farms and Disease diagnostic centers. Collection, preservation and identification of parasites, preparation of case studies of diseased fish and prawns. Study of life-cycle stages. Estimation of dose and administration of various chemicals and drugs. Visit to fish farms. Shrimp farms and diagnosis of diseases.

19AQCP 408 FISH PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY AND QUALITY CONTROL Practical

Preparation of fish meal, fish liver oil, Agar-agar, fish skin, fish glue, pearl essence, fish sauce, fish and prawn pickles, fish and prawn wafers, fish soup powder, fish cutlets, fish and prawn breaded and battered products, fish protein concentrate, and fish burger. Techniques of fish preservation, Smoking, canning, freezing. HACCP & GMP with SSOP.

19AQCP 409ANATOMY OF FINFISH AND SHELLFISH

Practical

Dissection of different shellfishes and finfishes to understand their internal organsdigestive, respiratory, excretory, nervous, circulatory and skeletal systems and also on sensory organs. Structure of endocrine glands.

19AQCC 501 LIMNOLOGY

Course Objectives

- > To learn the ecological functions of inland water bodies
- > To study the importance of primary productivity and its importance in fresh water bodies
- > To familiarize the lotic and lentic water bodies and its ecological importance

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Clear knowledge on the ecological functions of inland water bodies
- ✓ Detailed knowledge on primary productivity and its importance in fresh water bodies
- ✓ Complete knowledge on lotic and lentic water bodies

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO LIMNOLOGY:

Inland water types, their identities and distribution; ponds and lakes; streams and rivers; dynamics of lentic and lotic environments. Lakes - their origin and diversity. Famous lakes of the world and India; nature of lake environment; morphometry, physical and chemical conditions and related phenomena; biological relations: influence of physical and chemical conditions on living organisms in inland waters.

UNIT II PLANKTON

Planktonic organisms; classification of plankton; distribution of plankton: geographic, vertical, horizontal and seasonal distribution of phytoplankton and zooplankton: seasonal changes of body form in planktonic organisms; food of



planktonic organisms. Primary productivity; Aquatic plants: character, classification, zonation, seasonal relations, quantity produced chemical composition distribution in different waters, limnological role.

UNIT III NEKTON:

Composition, distribution, movements. Benthos: classification; periphyton; zonation; distribution; movements and migration; seasonal changes in benthos, profundal bottom fauna.

UNIT IV PRODUCTIVITY

Circulation of food material; classification of lakes based on productivity; laws of minimum; biotic potential and environmental resistance; quantitative relationships in a standing crop; trophic dynamics; successional phenomena; indices of productivity of lakes; artificial enrichment.

UNIT V LOTIC ENVIRONMENTS

Running waters in general; physical conditions; classification of lotic environments, biological conditions; productivity of lotic environments. influence of currents; plant growth; plankton; nekton; benthos; temporary and head waters streams; ecological succession.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Nath S. (Ed.). 2008. Recent Advances in Fish Ecology Limnology and Eco Conservation. Vol. VII. Narendra Publ. House.
- 2. Allan JD. 1995. Stream Ecology: Structure and Function of Running Waters. Chapman & Hall.
- 3. Dodds WK. 2002. Freshwater Ecology: Concepts and Environmental Applications. Academic Press.
- 4. Good RE, Whigham DF and Simpson RL. 1978. Fresh Water Wetlands: Ecological Processes and Management Potential. Academic Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Hynes HBN. 1970. *Ecology of Running Waters*. Liverpool University, Press, Liverpool.
- 2. Mitsh WJ and Gosselink JG. 1996. Wetlands. John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Pattern BC. 1990. Wetlands and Shallow Continental Water Bodies. SPB Academic Press.

19AQCC 502 MOLLUSCS AND SEAWEED CULTURE

Course Objectives

- > To learn the biology of commercially important molluscs
- > To study the molluscan seed resources and production
- > To familiarize the seaweed culture technology

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Detailed knowledge on biology of commercially important molluscs
- ✓ Clear knowledge on molluscan seed resources and production
- ✓ Complete knowledge on seaweed culture technology

UNIT 1 BIOLOGY OF MOLLUSKS

Biology of cultivable molluscs - life history, food and feeding, age and growth and reproduction.

UNIT 2 MOLLUSCAN SEED RESOURCES



Seed from Nature Natural seed resources, utilization, ideal condition for seed fall in nature, distribution of seed, time of seed abundance, seed collection techniques for different species, transportation, seed quality and selection.

UNIT 3 MOLLUSCAN SEED PRODUCTION

Hatchery production of molluscan seed - need for hatcheries for molluscs, brood stock management, induced maturation and spawning, larval rearing µalgal culture for feeding spat settlement, ideal spat collectors, rearing of juveniles to stockable size, water quality management, transportation.

UNIT 4 MOLLUSK CULTURE

Culture technology – culture operations, rearing, transportation, monitoring of growth, monitoring of environmental parameters, causes of mortality, different culture techniques and various steps involved in detail and problems encountered on the culture of clams, cockles, edible oyster, pearl oyster and mussel, economic importance of molluscs.

UNIT 5 SEAWEED CULTURE

General introduction to seaweeds – criteria for selection of candidate species in India, biology – life history, growth, reproduction of Ulva, Laminaria, GracilariaKappaphycus. Seaweed culture – technology for higher yields, products from seaweeds (agar, algin and carageenan) and extraction methods.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Pillay, T.V.R 1972. Coastal Aquaculture in the Indo Pacific Region. Fishing News (Books), London, 497 pp.
- 2. Milne, P.H., 1972. Fish and Shellfish Farming in the Coastal Water. Fishing News (Books), London, 208 pp.
- 3. Bardach, J.E., J.H. Ryther and W.O. McLarney, 1972. Aquaculture: Farming and Husbandry of Freshwater and Marine Organisms. Wiley Interscience, New York, 868 pp.
- 4. Dawes, C.J. 1988. Marine Botany. John Willey & Sons, New York, 480 pp.
- 5. Santhanam, R., Ramanathan and G. Jegadessan, 1990. Coastal Aquaculture in India. CBS Publication, India, 180 pp.
- 6. John E. Bardach, 1997. Sustainable Aquaculture. John Willey & Sons, Inc., New York, 251 pp.
- 7. Thomas, P.C., 1998. Current and Emerging Trends in Aquaculture, Daya Pub., Delhi, 422 pp.
- 8. Robert R. Stickney, 2000. Encyclopedia of Aquaculture. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 1063 pp. 9. Krisnamurthy.V and M.Balusamy, 2010. Phaeophyceae of India and neighborhood. Madras Christian College publishing, Chennai, 193pp.

19AQCC 503 AQUACULTURE ENGINEERING

Course Objectives

- To understand the knowledge about fish farm survey and measurements
- To learn about the pipes, pumps and water flow
- To familiarize soil character, types and budgeting

Learning Outcomes

✓ Detailed knowledge on fish farm survey and measurements



- ✓ Clear knowledge on pipes, pumps and water flow
- ✓ Complete knowledge on soil character, types and budgeting

UNIT I LAND SURVEY

Area calculation of plain surface of regular and irregular shape as applied to measurement of land, trapezoidal rule, Simpson's rule, volume of regular and irregular shape as applied to the volume of stacks, sheds and heaps.

UNIT II FARM-TYPES

Fresh water and coastal aquafarms. Preliminary survey, site selection, topography. Land survey - chain surveying, compass surveying, leveling, plane table surveying and contour surveying

UNIT III WATER

Introduction – Pipe and pipe parts; Water flow and head loss in channels and pipe systems. Pumps – Types of pumps; Pumping of water requires energy; Centrifugal and propeller pumps; Changing of water flow o pressure; Regulation of flow from selected pumps. Increased focus on water quality; Inlet water; Outlet water; water treatment.Water budgeting.Water control structure – types of inlets and outlet.main feeder channel, drainage channel

UNIT IV AERATION AND RECIRCULATION

Principles, classification and placement. Pumps - types, total head and horse power. Filters - types and construction. Design and construction of aerators - Basic principles; Evaluation criteria; Types of aerator; Oxygenation of water. Recirculation and water use systems - Definitions - Degree of re-use; water exchange in relation to amount of fish; Degree of purification. Components in a re-use system; Instruments and monitoring - Measuring water quality; measuring physical conditions; counting fish; measuring fish size and total fish biomass.

UNIT V SOIL

Soil - types, properties, classification, sampling methods and texture analysis. Location, design and construction of hatcheries, race ways and farm complex. Tidefed / pump fed farms, creeks, estuarine and marine water source utilization. Open canals and their types. Sluices and gates. Design and construction of ponds and dykes. Tidal influences and maintenance; Effect of seepage and evaporation and their control. Inlet and out-let construction.

- **1.** Pillay, T.V.R., 1972. Coastal Aquaculture in the Indo Pacific Region. Fishing News(Book) Ltd., London, 497 pp.
- **2.** Bardach, J.E., J.H. Ryther and W.O. McLarney, 1972. Aquaculture: Farming andHusbandry of Freshwater and Marine Organisms. Wiley Interscience, New York, 868 pp.
- **3.** Korringa, P., 1976. Farming Marine Fishes and Shrimps. Elsevier Publishing Company, Amsterdam, 208 pp.
- **4.** Chen, T.P., 1976. Aquaculture Practices in Taiwan. Fishing News (Books) Ltd., London, 160 pp.
- **5.** Shigeno, K., 1978. Problems in Prawn Culture. Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt.Ltd.,New Delhi, 103 pp.
- **6.** Gerwick, JR. B.C., 2007. Construction of Marine and Offshore Structures, CRC press, New York, 813 pp.
- 7. Grover, T.K., 2007. Basic Marine Engineering, Anmol, New Delhi, 275 pp.
- **8.** Pandey, B.N., S. Deshpande and P.N. Pandey, 2007. Aquaculture, APH, New Delhi, 236pp.
- **9.** Bhuejl, R.C., 2008. Statistics for Aquaculture, Wiley Blackwell, New York, 222pp.



- **10.**Holmer, M., 2008. Aquaculture in the ecosystem, Springer, Newyork, 326 pp.
- **11.**Ramakrishnan, T.V., 2008. Offshore Engineering, Gene Tech Books, New Delhi, 347.pp

19AQCP 506 LIMNOLOGY

- 1. Determination of physical characteristics of lentic water bodies.
- 2. Determination of chemical characteristics of lentic water bodies.
- 3. Determination of physical characteristics of lotic water bodies.
- 4. Determination of chemical characteristics of lotic water bodies.
- 5. Collection and identification of freshwaterphytoplankton. Enumeration and biomass estimation of freshwater phytoplankton.
- 6. Estimation of primary productivity in freshwater bodies. Collection and identification of freshwater zooplankton.
- 7. Enumeration and biomass estimation of zooplankton.
- 8. Collection and identification of benthos from lakhs, ponds, streams and canals. Enumeration and biomass estimation of benthos lakhs, ponds, streams and canals.
- 9. Collection and identification of nekton / aquatic insects from freshwater bodies.
- 10. Collection and identification of aquatic plants from different freshwater bodies. Methodology for collection and identification bacteria in freshwaters bodies. Enumeration and biomass estimation of bacteria in freshwater bodies.

19AQCP 507 MOLLUSCS AND SEAWEED CULTURE

- 1. Collection of molluscan seed materials, preparation and laying of spat collectors, observation of spat fall.
- 2. Identification of commercially important and cultivable molluscs of fresh, brackish and marine waters
- 3. Farm visit to witness seeding, growth, measurement, thinning, harvesting and in situ measurements of production.
- 4. Induction of spawning by physical, chemical and biological techniques.
- 5. Identification of commercially important and cultivable seaweeds.
- 6. Demonstration of algin and agar extraction.
- 7. Field visit to observe the culture of seaweeds and the technique of harvest.
- 8. Submission of field report.

19AQCP 508 AQUACULTURE ENGINEERING

- 1. Evaluation of potential site for aquaculture.
- 2. Land survey chain, compass, level, plane table, and contouring; soil analysis for farm construction.
- 3. Site survey: preparation of site and contour maps.
- 4. Design and lay out of freshwater and brackish water farms and hatcheries.
- 5. Design of farm structure: ponds, dykes, sluices and channels.
- 6. Earth work calculation. Calculation on water requirement.



- 7. Pumps: design and operation.
- 8. Design and operation of filters and aerators.
- 9. Visit to different types of farms.

19AQCP 509 PRACTICAL FOR ELECTIVES

Any two practical based on Electives

PRACTICALFISH IMMUNOLOGY

Antigen-antibody reactions: Precipitation, agglutination. Immunodiagnostic assays - ELISA, western blot. Antigen preparation.Immunization of fish.Preparation of polyclonal antibody.Measurement ofhumoral immune response. Polyphenoloxidase assay. Haemocyte counts in shrimps.

PRACTICAL MARINE BIOLOGY

Study of common instruments used for collection of phytoplankton, zooplanktonand benthos. Collection, preservation and analysis of phytoplankton, zooplankton, sea weeds, sea grasses, nekton and benthos.

PRACTICALAQUACULTURE IN RESERVOIR

- 1. Preparation of charts on the present situation of reservoirs.
- 2. Estimation of reservoir fisheries productivity and diversity
- 3. Detailed case studies of selected reservoirs
- 4. Analysis of data on reservoir fisheries.
- 5. Sustainable development plan for of reservoirs fisheries.
- 6. Designs, construction and types of cages and pens
- 6. Case studies on cage and pen culture culture in reservoirs.
- 7. Field visit to a 'cage culture unit'.
- 9. Field visit to a 'pen culture unit'.
- 10. Identification of candidate species for cage and pen culture

ELECTIVE -1 FISH IMMUNOLOGY

Course Objectives

- > To understand the general concepts of immunology
- > To study the immune mechanism and the immune-globulins
- > To acquire knowledge on the immune response and the vaccine development

Learning Outcomes

- √ Clear understanding of immunology
- ✓ Clear knowledge on immune mechanism and the immune-globulins
- ✓ Complete knowledge on immune response and the vaccine development



UNIT 1 -GENERAL CONCEPTS IN IMMUNOLOGY

Evolution of immune system in invertebrates and vertebrates. Non-specific defence mechanism in fish - surface barriers, non-specific humoraland cellular factors.

UNIT 2 -IMMUNE DEFENSE MECHANISMS

Leucocytes - types and function. Specific defence mechanism - lymphoid organs in fish.Ontogeny of fish immune system.B and T lymphocytes.

UNIT 3 - IMMUNOGLOBULIN

Immunoglobulin - types and function. Monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies. Primary and secondary immune response in fish - factors affecting.

UNIT 4 – IMMUNE RESPONSE

Immunological memory, Immunological tolerance. Stress and immune response. Defence mechanisms in crustaceans - humoral and cellular defenses.

UNIT 5 - DEVELOPMENT OF VACCINES

Principles of vaccination. Methods of vaccine development. Current trends in fish vaccination. Adjuvants and immuno-stimulants.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Ellis AE. 1988. Fish Vaccination. Academic Press.
- 2. Iwama G and Nakanishi T. 1996. *The Fish Immune System. Organism, Pathogen and Environment.* Academic Press.
- 3. Janis K. 1997. Immunology. 3rd Ed. WH Freeman.
- 4. Swain P, Sahoo PK and Ayyappan S. 2005. Fish and Shellfish Immunology: An Introduction. Narendra Publ. House.
- 5. Murray RK, Granner DK, Mayes PA and Rodwell VW. 2003. *Harper's illustrated Biochemistry*. Appleton & Lange.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Iwama G and Nakanishi T. 1996. *The Fish Immune System. Organism, Pathogen and Environment.* Academic Press.
- 2. Van Oss CJ and VanRegenmortel MHV. 1994. Immunochemistry. CRC Press.

ELECTIVE -IIMARINE BIOLOGY

Course Objectives

- > To understand the divisions in marine environment
- > To study the primary producers and benthic ecosystem of ocean
- > To study the diversity of nektons and marine mammals

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Detailed knowledge on divisions in marine environment
- ✓ Clear knowledge on primary producers and benthic ecosystem of ocean
- ✓ Complete knowledge on diversity of nektons and marine mammals

UNIT I INTRODUCTION:

Divisions of marine environment- pelagic, benthic, euphotic, aphotic divisions and their subdivisions. Life in oceans - general account of major groups of phytoplankton and zooplankton and sea weeds. Environmental factors affecting life in the oceans - salinity, temperature, light, currents, waves, tides, oxygen, and carbon dioxide.

UNIT II PLANKTON

Primary, secondary and tertiary production. Marine food chains and food webs. Vertical migration of zooplankton Phytoplankton-Zooplankton relationship,



geographical and seasonal variation in plankton production, indicator species. Red tides, plankton and fisheries.

UNIT IIIBENTHOS

Life in rocky, sandy, and muddy shores.Mud banks.Mangroves and coral reefs.Boring and fouling organisms.

UNIT IVNEKTON

Outline composition of nekton, habitats of nekton. Bioluminescence.

UNIT V MARINE MAMMALS

Biology, significance and classification in mammals, adaptation in pinnipids and cetaceans for breeding. Whales- their different community and their characteristic features. Adaptations in marine mammals for conserving body heat and submersion for long dive.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Balakrishnan Nair N and Thampy DM. 1980. A Text Book of MarineEcology. The MacMillan Co.
- 2. Castro P and Huber ME. 1997. Marine Biology. 2nd Ed. Mc-Graw Hill.
- 3. McCormick JM and Thiruvathaakal JV. 1976. *Elements of Oceanography*. WB Saunders.
- 4. Nybakken, J.W. 1997. *Marine Biology An Ecological Approach*. 4th Ed. Addison Wesley.
- 5. Duxbury AC, Duxbury AB and Sverdrup KA. 2000. An Introduction to the World's Oceans. 6th Ed. McGraw Hill.
- 6. Sverdrup HV, Johnson MW and Fleming RH. 1959. *The Oceans Their Physics, Chemistry and General Biology*. Prentice Hall

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Gross G. 1993. Oceanography: A View of the Earth. 6th Ed. Prentice Hall.
- 2. Iversen ES. 1996. Living Marine Resources. Chapman & Hall.
- 3. Raymont, J.E.G. 1973. Plankton and Productivity in the Oceans. Pergamon Press.

ELECTIVE -III AQUACULTURE IN RESERVOIR

Course Objectives

- > To understand the reservoirs of India
- > To study the fish production and its management in reservoirs
- ➤ To study the cage, pen and essential infrastructures required for the aquaculture interventions in reservoir

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Detailed knowledge on reservoirs and its characters
- ✓ Clear understanding of fish production trends and its management strategies
- ✓ Complete knowledge on cage, pen and infrastructures facilities for the interventions

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Definition of reservoirs in India; nature and extent of reservoirs, topography and species diversity; importance of morpho-edaphic index in reservoir productivity and classification; factors influencing fish production; trophic phases in reservoir; pre-impoundment and post-impoundment stages and their significance in establishment of reservoirs fisheries.

UNIT II FISH PRODUCTION

Salient features of reservoir limnology and their significance to fisheries development; management of small, medium and large reservoirs; present status and future



prospects in reservoirs fish production.

UNIT III FISHEIRES MANAGEMENT

Fisheries of some important reservoirs; recent advances in reservoirs fisheries management; conservation measures in reservoir fisheries. Fish stocking in Reservoirs

UNIT IV CAGE AND PEN CULTURE

Role of cage and pen culture in enhancement of fish production from reservoirs; history of cage culture, advantages of cage culture; selection of suitable site of cage culture; cage materials, designs, shape, size and fabrication; cage frames and supporting system. Integration of cage culture with other farming systems.

UNIT V INFRASTRUCTURE

History of pen culture, pen materials, fabrication; breeding of fish in pen; rearing of spawn in pen; grow-out from pens. Suitable species for culture in cages and pens; constraints in cage and pen culture; economics of cage and pen culture.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Boopendranath, M.R., Meenakumari, B., Joseph, J., Sankar, T.V., Pravin, P., and Edwin, L. (Eds.) 2002, Riverine and Reservoir Fisheries of India, Society of Fisheries Technologists (India), Cochin.
- 2. Brandt. A. v. (1984) Fish catching methods of the world. Fishing News Books Ltd., London: 432 p.
- 3. George V.C. (1971) An account of the inland fishing gears and methods of India. Spl. Bull.No.1.CIFT
- 4. Hameed, M.S. and Boopendranath, M.R. (2000) Modern Fishing Gear Technology, Daya Publishing House, Delhi:186 p.
- 5. Klust, G. (1982) Netting materials for fishing gear, FAO Fishing Manual, Fishing News Books (Ltd)., Farnham, 192p.
- 6. Sainsbury, J.C. (1986) Commercial fishing methods- An introduction to vessels and gear. Fishing News Books, Oxford: 208pp
- **7.** Sreekrishna, Y. and Shenoy L. (2001) Fishing gear and craft technology, Indian Council of Agriculture

19AQCC 601 ORNAMENTAL FISH BREEDING AND CULTURE

Course Objectives

- > To give overview on the potential ornamental fishes and their breeding biology
- > To develop deep understanding about the various management practices for breeding and rearing of ornamental fishes
- ➤ To have a basic understanding of aquarium setting and aquarium infrastructures needed

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge on the ornamental fish breeding
- ✓ Management practices of ornamental fishes
- ✓ Knowledge on the aquarium maintenance and accessories

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to aquarium, ornamental fishes and aquarium accessories- Aerators, filtersand lighting. World aquarium trade and present status. Design and construction of public fresh waterand marine aquaria and oceanarium. Water quality management in aquarium fishes, Biofilters in aquarium.

UNIT II AQUARIUM MANAGEMENT



Setting up of aquarium – under gravel filter, pebbles, plants, drift wood, ornamental objects and selection of fishes, Quarantine measures. Aquarium maintenance and water quality. Control of snail and algal growth. Handling, care and transportation of fish. Temperature acclimation, oxygen packing.

UNIT III FRESHWATER ORNAMENTAL FISHES

Species of ornamental fishes; their taxonomy and biology- Live bearers, Gold fish and koi, Gourami, Barbs and Tetras, angel fish, cichlids. Maturation, secondary sexual characters, breeding habits, spawning, parental are,fertilization and development of eggs. Hatching, larval rearing and their health.Freshwater plants – their taxonomy and morphology, multiplication of aquarium plants –different methods.

UNIT IV MARINE ORNAMENTAL FISHES

Marine ornamental fishes – varieties and their habitat. Major marine ornamental fish resources of India. Method of collection of live fish. Breeding of marine ornamental fishes (clown fishes and Damsel fishes). Reef aquarium and live rocks. Other ornamental organisms – anemones, worms, lobsters, shrimps, octopus, starfish.

UNIT V ORNAMENTAL FISH DISEASE MANAGEMENT

Common parasites infecting ornamental fishes.Bacterial, viral, fungal diseases of ornamental fishes and their control and prophylaxis.

- 1. Biswas, S. P., Das, J. N., Sarkar, U. K., &Lakra, W. S. (2007). Ornamental Fishes of North East India: An Atlas. ICAR, National Bureau of Fish Genetic Resources, Lucknow, India.
- 2. Spotte, S. (1973). Marine Aquarium Keeping: The Science, Animals and Art. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 3. Ramachandran, A. (2002). Manual on breeding, farming & management of ornamental fishes. School of Industrial Fisheries, Cochin, India.
- 4. Kurup, B. M., Harikrishnan, M., & Renjithkumar, C. R. (2012). Breeding farming and trade of ornamental fishes in India prospects and challenges. Souvenir-Ornamentals Kerala 2012.
- 5. Jhingran, V. G. (1975). Fish and fisheries of India.
- 6. Krishnakumar, K., Raghavan, R., Prasad, G., Bijukumar, A., Sekharan, M., Pereira, B., & Ali, A. (2009). When pets become pests-exotic aquarium fishes and biological invasions in Kerala, India. Current science, 97(4), 474-476.
- 7. Sirajudheen, T. K., Salim, S. S., Bijukumar, A., & Antony, B. (2014). Problems and prospects of marine ornamental fish trade in Kerala, India. J. Fish. Eco. Dev, 1151, 14-30.
- 8. Rath, R. K. (2018). Freshwater aquaculture. Scientific Publishers.
- 9. Santhanam, R., Sukumaran, N., &Natarajan, P. (1990). A Manual of Fresh-Water Aquaculture, p: 10–11. Published by Modern Primlani for Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., Pvt. Ltd, 66.
- 10. Santhanam, R., Sukumaran, N., & Natarajan, P. (1987). Manual of fresh-water aquaculture. Oxford & IBH Publishing.



- 11. Murty, V. S. (2002). Marine ornamental fish resources of Lakshadweep. CMFRI special publication, 72, 1-134.
- 12. Bunting, B. W., Holthus, P., & Spalding, S. (2003). The marine aquarium industry and reef conservation. Marine Ornamental Species: Collection, Culture, and Conservation, 109-124.
- 13. Olivier, K. (2003). World trade in ornamental species (pp. 49-63). Iowa State Press: Ames.
- 14. Cato, J. C., & Brown, C. L. (Eds.). (2008). Marine ornamental species: collection, culture and conservation. John Wiley & Sons.
- 15. Woo, P. T., Leatherland, J. F., & Bruno, D. W. (Eds.). (2006). Fish diseases and disorders (Vol. 3). CABI.
- 16. Bardach, J. E., Ryther, J. H., &McLarney, W. O. (1972). Aquaculture. The farming and husbandry of freshwater and marine organisms. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 17. Stickney, R. R. (1979). Principles of warm water aquaculture. John Wiley & Sons.
- 18. Billard, R. (1981). Hypophysation of Indian major carps: SL Chondar. Satish Book Enterprise, Motihatra, Agra 3, India, 1980, 146 pp.
- 19. Jhingran, V. G. (1991). Fish and Fisheries of India, Hindustan Publ. Co. New Delhi, 727.
- 20. Santhanam, R., Sukumaran, N., &Natarajan, P. (1987). Manual of fresh-water aquaculture. Oxford & IBH Publishing.
- 21. Pillay, T. V. R., &Kutty, M. N. (2005). Aquaculture: principles and practices (No. Ed. 2). Blackwell publishing.
- 22. Pandey, A. C. (1990). Air Breathing Fishes. Reliance Publishing House.
- 23. Rao, K. J. (1998). Emerging Technology on the Seed fish Production of *Macrobrachiumrosenbergii*. In Current and Emerging Trends in Acquaculture: Proceedings of the National Seminar on Current and Emerging Trends in Aquaculture and Its Impact on Rural Development, 14-16 February 1995 (Vol. 1, No. 2, p. 164). Daya Books.

19AQCC 602 AQUACULTURE EXTENSION AND ECONOMICS

Course Objectives

- > To give overview on the potential ornamental fishes and their breeding biology
- > To develop deep understanding about the various management practices for breeding and rearing of ornamental fishes
- > To have a basic understanding of aquarium setting and aquarium infrastructures needed

Learning Outcomes



- ✓ Knowledge on the ornamental fish breeding
- ✓ Management practices of ornamental fishes
- ✓ Knowledge on the aquarium maintenance and accessories

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Extension education, capture fisheries and culture fisheries extension- concepts, objectives and principles; extension education, formal and informal education; History and role of capture and culture fisheries extension in fisheries sector development.

UNIT II EXTENSION STRATEGIES AND METHODS

Basic concepts in rural sociology and psychology and their relevance in fisheries extension; social change, social control, social problems and conflicts in fisheries; gender issues in fisheries; theories of learning, learning experience, learning situation. Culture and capture fisheries extension methods- individual, group and mass contact methods and their effectiveness, factors influencing their selection and use.

UNIT IIITECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

Characteristics of technology, transfer of technology process; important TOT programs in fisheries; role of BFDA, FFDA, MPEDA, CAA, NGOS and SHGs in fisheries; Fisheries co-management; Adoption and diffusion of innovations, adoption and diffusion process, adopter categories and barriers in diffusion of fisheries innovations.

UNIT IV MARKETTTING

Markets and their kinds.Law of demand and supply, price determination, problems of fish marketing in India.Exports of fish and fishery products, trends and problems-Anti-dumping.Role of MPEDA in exports of fish and fishery products.

UNIT V ECONOMICS

Definition, subject matter and scope of economics. Law of diminishing returns, laws of increasing, constant and decreasing utility and returns. Law of equi-marginal returns. Importance of economics in aquaculture development. GDP from fisheries and aquaculture sector, foreign exchange earnings and employment potential of fishery and aquaculture industry.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Sharma Op, and LlSomani , 2012.Fundamentals of Rural Sociology & Educational Psychology ISBN: EBK0295955 Publisher: Agrotech Publishing Academy,Delhi
- 2. Adivi Reddy, A. 2001. Extension Education. Sri Lakshmi Press, Bapatla.
- 3. Chitamber, J.B. 1997. Introductory Rural Sociology. Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi.
- 4. Daivadeenam, P. 2002. Educational Psychology in Agriculture. Agrotech Publishing Academy, Udaipur.
- 5. Mangal, S.K. 2000. Educational Psychology. Prakash Brothers, Ludhiana.
- 6. Ray, G.L. 2006. Extension Communication and Management. NayaPrakashan, Kolkata.
- 7. Vidyabhushan and SachDev, D.R. 1998. An Introduction to Sociology. KitabMahal Agencies, Allahabad.
- 8. Cunningham S, Dunn MR and Whitmarsh D. 1985. Fisheries Economics: An introductionSt.Martin's Press
- 9. Chitambar JB. 1990. Introductory Rural Sociology. Wiley Eastern.
- 10. Haralambos M, Heald RM and Holborn M. 1995. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. Collins Educ.
- 11. Morgan CT and King RA. 1975. Introduction to Psychology. Tata McGrawHill.
- 12. Sinha VRP. 1999. Rural Aquaculture in India. FAO, United Nations, Thailand. RAP Publ.



13. Farming Freshwater Prawns. A Manual for the Culture of the Giant River Prawn (Macrobrachiumrosenbergii). 2004. FAO Fisheries Tech.Paper No. 428, Rome.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Loretta S. 2005. *Good Agricultural Practices Standards: A Way Towards Safe and Sustainable Agriculture?* Seminar on Certification and Regulations for Food Safety, 31 May 2005, Wageningen.
- 2. Scott M. 2001. Distance Education and Distance Learning: A Framework for the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. Sustainable Development Department, FAO.

19AQCP 601 ORNAMENTAL FISH BREEDING AND CULTURE

- 1. Identification of common Fresh water aquarium fishes (20 Nos).
- 2. Identification of common Brackish and marine aquarium fishes (20 Nos). Construction of aquarium.
- 3. Setting up of aquarium (maintained by students can be evaluated after one month). Water quality management in quariums.
- 4. Aquarium plants and décor materials.
- 5. Air pump and biological filter.
- 6. Breeding of live bearers-Guppy.
- 7. Breeding of egg layers- gold fishes
- 8. Breeding of bubble nest builder- Gourami.

19AQCP 602 AQUACULTURE EXTENSION AND ECONOMICS

Collection of socio-economic data from fishing villages; study of social issues/problems through participatory and rapid rural appraisal techniques, stake holders analysis and needs assessment; assessment of development needs of community and role of formal and non - governmental organizations through stakeholder analysis; case studies on social / gender issues and social conflicts in fisheries. Case studies on extension programs and Success stories Practical exercises on conducting fish farmers meet. Visit of fishermen co-operative society. Visit to aquaculture farms. Income and CBR statement analysis. Preparation of proposal for loan from commercial bank including plan, budget and repayment schedule Radio-talk, video talk, leaflets, folders, pamphlets, circular letter, poster, charts etc for aquaculture Training to get license, Subsidy and from the Government and banks Submission of field report.

19AQCP 603 PRACTICAL

Any two practical based on Electives

PRACTICALFISH MICROBIOLOGY AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

associated with finfish and shellfish. Spoilage micro-Study of micro-organisms organisms. Isolation of pathogenic bacteria associated with fish and fishery products -Vibrio, coli, Salmonella, Listeria, Clostridia, Campylobacter, EEffect of chemical and physical Streptococcus, Faecal Streptococcus, etc. preservatives on spoilage organisms. Conventional and rapid methods for detection



of microorganisms. Biochemical tests for characterization of bacteria. Assessment of sanitation in fish processing plants, Indices of freshness and quality of fresh and processed fish. Sensory evaluation, hedonic scale, physical and chemical methods of assessment of quality of fish and fishery products. Determination of available chlorine. Visit to factory & Study of Hazard analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) system and its implementation

PRACTICAL DISEASE MANAGEMENT IN AQUACULTURE

Methods of sampling fish and shellfish for disease diagnosis. Live and post examination fin and shell fish. mortem of diseased Collection parasites (Isopod, Nemtode, copepod-fish lice- Lernia) from fin and identification of shell fishes. Morphological, biochemical and biological tests of bacteria, virus and fungi.Immunological and molecular disease diagnostic techniques. sensitivity assays. WSSV infectivity study. Shrimp black gill disease. Healthy shell and fin fish seed identification. Probitics, Antibiotics, disinfectants, limes, medicated feeds, Antibacterial, antiviral and antifungal drugs in the market. Aqua-shop visit.

PRACTICAL FISH PRESERVATION TECHNOLOGY

- 1. Determination of moisture content in fish and fishery products
- 2. General description freezing
- 3. Processing of shrimp
- 4. Filleting of fish
- 5. Drying of fish
- 6. Organoloptic analysis of fish
- 7. Preparation of fishery by products
- 8. Preparation of shark fin rays fish maws, chitin, fish wafer
- 9. Fish pickling
- 10. Value added fishery products, fish curry, cutlets fish finger.
- 11. Preparation of surimi

FISH MICROBIOLOGY AND QUALITY ASSURANCE (ELECTIVE-V)

Course Objectives

- > To give overview on the history and importance of microorganisms in fish foods
- > To develop deep understanding on intrinsic, extrinsic and food borne pathogens
- > To have a basic understanding of fish spoilage and fish processing plant sanitation

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Knowledge on the history and importance of microorganisms in fish foods
- ✓ Detailed knowledge on intrinsic, extrinsic and food borne pathogens
- ✓ Knowledge on fish spoilage and fish processing plant sanitation

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

History of micro-organisms in foods; role and significance of micro-organisms in nature and in foods.

UNIT II MICRO-ORGANISMS IN FISH

Intrinsic and extrinsic parameters of fish that affect microbial growth. Psychrophiles, halophiles and thermophiles, their role in spoilage and food poisoning.

UNIT II- FOOD BORNE HUMAN PATHOGENS



Vibrio, E coli, Salmonella, Listeria, Clostridia, Campylobacter, Streptococcus, Faecal Streptococcus, etc.Study of micro-organisms in food by conventional and rapid techniques.Encapsulation - endospores, formation of cell aggregates, Microbial principles of fish preservation and processing. Study of food pathogens, infections, intoxication and other biological hazards like mycotoxins, parasites, viruses, marine toxins, etc.

UNIT IV FISH SPOILAGE

Types of spoilage of fish, semi processed and processed fishery products, Indices of fish sanitary quality, Concept of Quality Management; TQM, SSOP, GMP; ISO and Codex Alimentarius; HACCP, Microbiological standards and criteria, BIS and codex standards for fish and fishery products. Process water quality.

UNIT V FISH PLANT SANITATION.

Disinfectants, detergents and cleaning schedule. CIP, Water management in fish processing industries.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Anthony TT. 1988. *Handbook of Natural Toxins. Marine Toxins and Venom.* Vol. III. Marcel Dekker.
- 2. Balachandran KK. 2001. Post Harvest Technology of Fish and Fish Products. Daya Publ. House.
- 3. Kreuzer R. 1971. Fish Inspection and Quality Control. Fishing News.
- 4. Connell JJ. 1995. Control of Fish Quality. Fishing News Books.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Fennema K, Powrie WD and Marth EH. 1973. Low Temperature Preservation of Foods and Living Matter. Marcel Dekker.
- 2. Gopakumar K. (Ed.). 2002. Text Book of Fish Processing Technology.ICAR.
- 3. Hall GM. (Ed). 1992. Fish Processing Technology. Blackie.
- 4. Hui YH, Merle DP and Richard GJ. (Eds.). 2001. Food Borne Disease
- 5. Handbook. Seafood and Environmental Toxins. Vol. IV. Marcel Dekker.

23AQCE506 DISEASE MANAGEMENT IN AQUACULTURE (ELECTIVE-VI)

Course Objectives

- > To give overview on diseases in aquaculture and its mechanisms
- > To develop deep understanding on protozoan, bacterial, viral and fungal diseases in aquaculture system
- > To have a basic understanding on the nutritional, parasitic and its preventive measures

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Detailed insights in to diseases in aquaculture and its mechanism
- ✓ Clear knowledge on protozoan, bacterial, viral and fungal diseases in aquaculture system
- ✓ Knowledge on nutritional, parasitic and its preventive measures

UNIT I FISH DISEASE IN AQUACULTURE

Significance of fish diseases in relation to aquaculture. Disease development process in fish and shellfish. Defense mechanism in finfish and shellfish- specific and non specific immune system. Role of stress and host defense mechanism in disease development. Host, pathogenand environment interaction. Zoonotic diseases. OIE

UNIT II PROTOZOAN AND BACTERIAL DISEASS



Protozoan diseases (finfish) –Ichthyophthiriasis, Costiasis, whirling diseases, trypanosomiasis. Shrimp diseases – Microsporidiosis, Gregaria disease, ecto-comensal protozoan. Bacterial disease (finfish) – furunculosis, columnaris, bacterial gill disease, gill rot, Enteroredmouts, Edwardsiellosis, vibriosis, tail and fin rot, EUS. Shrimp disease – brown spot, black gill, filamentous bacterial disease, luminous vibriosis.

UNIT II FUNGAL AND VIRAL DISEASES

Fungal diseases (finfish) – Saprolegniosis, brachiomycosis, ichthyophorus diseases – Lagenidium diseases – Fusarium disease Viral diseases (finfish) – IPN, IHN, Viral HemorrhagicSepticemia, Spring Viremia of carps – Major CCVD, Carp lymphocytes – Major shrimp viral diseases – *Bacculoviruspenaeii*, MonodonBacculovirus, Bacculoviralmidgut necrosis, IHHNV, Hepatopancreaticparvo like virus, Yellow head bacculovirus, white spot bacculovirus and , White faeces syndrome. loose shells syndrome

UNIT III NUTRITIONAL AND PARASITIC DISEASES

Nutritional pathology – lipid liver degeneration , deficiency diseases due to vitamin A,D,E,K, B-Complex, C, pantothenic acid, folic acid, biotin, choline, minerals. Aflatoxin and dinoflagellates. Antibiotic and chemotherapentants. Nutritional cataract. Genetically and environmentally induced diseases, loose shells syndrome. Morphology, biology and life cycle of parasites (Isopods, copepods, Parasitic diseases (Isopod, copepod, nematode, Trematode, Acanthocephalans) - General characteristics, Epizootiology, Diagnosis, Life cycle, Prevention and treatment.

UNIT IV DISEASE MANAGEMENT AND PREVENTION

microbiological, histopathological and biochemical Microscopical, methods. Antibody and nucleic acid based rapid diagnostics. Case history and clinical diagnosis.Conventional and rapid diagnostic techniques. Drugs, chemicals, antibiotics, prebiotics and probiotics used in aquaculture and their mode of action. Principles and methods of vaccine production and fish immunization. Crop rotation, Immunostimulants, bioremediation and polyculture as strategies management. Bio-floc based aquaculture. General preventive methods and prophylaxis against the occurrence of diseases. Good pond management practices-Eco-friendly and sustainable aquaculture. Production of disease-free seeds. Zero water exchange. Quarantine and health certification in aquaculture..SPF and SPR seeds and brooders.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Andrews C, Excell A and Carrington N. 1988. *The Manual of Fish Health*. Salamander Books.
- 2. Sindermann CJ. 1990. *Principal Diseases of Marine Fish and Shellfish*. Vols. I, II. 2nd Ed. Academic Press.
- 3. Schaperclaus W. 1986. Fish Diseases. Vols. I, II. Oxonian Press..
- 4. Jorge E, Helmut S, Thomas W and Kapoor BG. 2008. Fish Diseases. Science Publ.
- 5. Felix S, Riji John K, Prince Jeyaseelan MJ &Sundararaj V. 2001. Fish Disease Diagnosis and Health Management. Fisheries College and Research, Institute, T. N. Veterinary and Animal Sciences University. Thoothukkudi.
- 6. Humphrey J, Arthur JR, Subasinghe RP and Phillips MJ. 2005. *Aquatic Animal Quarantine and Health Certification in Asia*. FAO Publ.

- 1. Inglis V, Roberts RJ and Bromage NR. 1993. Bacterial Diseases of Fish. Blackwell.
- 2. Iwama G and Nakanishi T. (Eds.). 1996. The Fish Immune System Organism, Pathogen and Environment. Academic Press.
- 3. Roberts RJ. 2001. Fish Pathology. 3nd Ed. WB Saunders.



- 4. Shankar KM and Mohan CV. 2002. Fish and Shellfish HealthManagement.UNESCO Publ.
- 5. Wedmeyer G, Meyer FP and Smith L. 1999. *Environmental Stress and Fish Diseases*. Narendra Publ. House.
- 6. Woo PTK and Bruno DW. (Eds.). 1999. Fish Diseases and Disorders. Vol. III. Viral, Bacterial and Fungal Infection. CABI...
- 7. Walker P and Subasinghe RP. (Eds.). 2005. DNA Based Molecular Diagnostic Techniques: Research Needs for Standardization and Validation of the Detection of Aquatic Animal Pathogens and Diseases. FAO Publ.

ELECTIVE IIIFISH PRESERVATION TECHNOLOGY

Course Objectives

- > To familiarize fish handling, chilling and freezing
- > To develop deep understanding on drying, smoking, canning and freeze drying
- ➤ To have a basic understanding on quality control, by-product, packing and export of fish foods

Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Detailed insights in to fish handling, chilling and freezing
- ✓ Clear knowledge on drying, smoking, canning and freeze drying
- ✓ Knowledge on quality control, by-product, packing and export of fish foods

UNIT I FISH HANDLING, CHILLING AND FREEZING

Common fishes, shrimps and mollucs landed and processed in Kerala. Handling of fish on board, in the landing center and processing centre. Design and layout of preprocessing and processing centers. Icing of fish, different types of ice, quality of ice. Fundamental principles involved in chilling and freezing of fish and fishery products. Various freezing methods. RSW/CSW systems. Changes during freezing and frozen storage.

UNIT II DRYING, SMOKING, CANNING AND FREEZE-DRYING

Principles of drying and salting of fish, factors affecting drying. Traditional drying / curing methods. Packing and storage of dried products. Principles of freeze drying. Principles involved in canning of fish. Different stages of canning of fish/prawn. Retortable pouch processing. Spoilage of canned products. Cut open test and commercial sterility and quality examination of canned products.

UNIT III QUALITY CONTROL IN SEA FOOD PROCESSING

Concept of quality in fish and fishery products. Organoleptic analysis of fish and fishery products. Microbiological analysis of fish and fishery products. TPC and MPN of coliforms in sea food. Salmonella, Vibrio, Staphylococcus and E. coli in sea food. Quality standards for sea food.

UNIT IV FISHERY BY-PRODUCTS

Fish meal and fish oil.Different methods of production of fish oils and their uses. Different grades of fish meal. Nutritional significance of fish oil.Chitin and chitosan.Fish silage- production and uses. Shark fin rays, gelatin, squalene, beche-demer, carrageenan, agar.

UNIT V PACKING, COLD STORAGE AND EXPORT OF FISHERY PRODUCTS

Functions of packing. Different types of packing materials and its quality evaluation. Packing requirements for frozen and cured products. Statuitory requirements for packing. Labelling requirements. Different type of cold storages. Requirements in retail outlet. Insulated and refrigerated vehicles. Export of marine products. Role of MPEDA and EIA in export promotion and quality control.



TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Balachandran KK. 2002. Fish Canning Principles and Practices. CIFT, Cochin.
- 2. Gopakumar K. 2002. Text Book of Fish Processing Technology. ICAR.
- 3. Hall GM. (Ed). 1992. Fish Processing Technology. Blackie.
- 4. Hersom AC and Hulland ED. 1980. Canned Foods. Chemical Publ. Co.
- 5. Larousse J and Brown BE. 1997. Food Canning Technology. Wiley VCH.

- 1. Nambudiri DD. 2006. Technology of Fishery Products. Fishing Chimes.
- 2. Stumbo. 1973. Thermo Bacteriology in Food Processing. CRC, AcademicPress.
- 3. Thorne S. 1991. Food Irradiation. Elsevier.
- 4. Venugopal V. 2006. Seafood Processing. Taylor & Francis.
- 5. Warne D. 1988. Manual on Fish Canning. FAO Fisheries Tech. Paper 285.
- 6. Zeathen P. 1984. Thermal Processing and Quality of Foods. Elsevier.
- 7. Joshy CD and Devadhason M. 2001. Basic Electronics and Fish Finding Equipments. CIFNET, Cochin.
- 6. Shawyer M and Pizzali AFM. 2003. *The Use of Ice on Small Fishing Vessels*. FAO Tech. Paper No. 436. Rome.

